



#### Carbon Management Plan Phase Two 2013 – 2021

#### i. Executive Summary

Anthropogenic, or man-made, climate change is generally regarded as one of the main contributors to climate change. We have an obligation to the citizens of Glasgow to operate as efficiently as possible in order to reduce our impact on the environment. Further, Glasgow City Council need to lead by example, demonstrating the benefits of reducing consumption and encouraging others, organisations and residents to consider what they can do to reduce their impact.

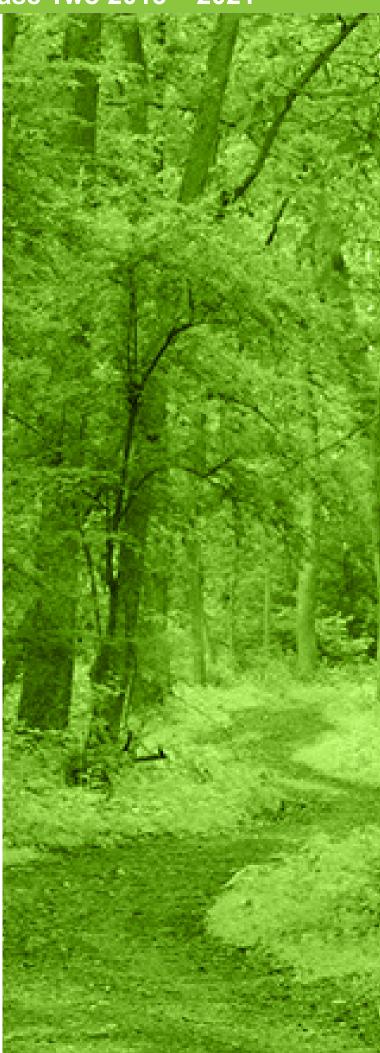
This version of the Carbon Management Plan (CMP 2) covers the period 2013 to 2021. It follows on from, and builds upon the work undertaken between 2008 and 2013, which set a 20% carbon reduction target by 2013 against a 2005/06 baseline.

A review undertaken in July 2013 showed a reduction of 9% had been achieved.

A 30% reduction target has now been set, to be achieved by 2020/21 against a 2005/06 baseline. This is in line with the Scottish Government's interim target of 42% reduction (against a 1990 baseline) and complements Sustainable Glasgow's target for the city of 30% reduction by 2020/21.

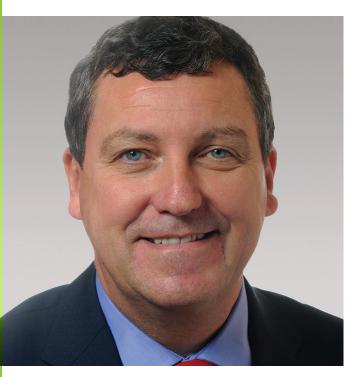
A restructure of the Carbon Management Programme, additional responsibilities, annual targets supported by regular reporting and individual service and ALEO (Arms Length External Organisation) action plans, will add robustness and resiliency to the plan.

The CMP 2 also explains how additional carbon sources will be incorporated into subsequent versions in order to increase the scope and influence of the Carbon Management Programme.





#### II. Carbon Management Plan – Foreword



BRIAN DEVLIN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR LAND AND ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES



ALISTAIR WATSON EXECUTIVE MEMBER

Glasgow City Council has both a responsibility to reduce its contribution to climate change and a duty to the citizens of Glasgow to function more efficiently and effectively. We need to become leaders in sustainability and acknowledge our responsibilities as participants in the global economy.

The next phase of our Carbon Management Programme is presented in this Carbon Management Plan. It sets out how Glasgow City Council will achieve a 30% reduction in annual  $CO_2$  emissions, saving nearly a quarter of a million tonnes of  $CO_2$  between now and 2021. In turn, this will reduce the council's annual running costs, freeing up capital to re-invest in the city.

The plan sits alongside a number of other programmes currently being undertaken by the council, including the European Commission's STEP-UP Programme on strategic energy planning, the Technology Strategy Board's Future Cities Demonstrator project, the Rockefeller Resilient Cities programme and the Sustainable Glasgow programme.

This is an ambitious plan that will require significant changes to the way we work within, and use the city around us, and the timescales do not afford us the luxury of delay.

This plan sets an example to the city. It shapes the future for the council, builds on our strengths and acknowledges our weaknesses, and encourages individual responsibility. It is a plan of action rather than words, and represents a significant step in our transition from an industrial city to a sustainable 'future' city.

I look forward to the support of all employees throughout the council family and thank you for your efforts in helping to make this plan succeed.

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## Introduction

#### **CARBON MANAGEMENT: A BRIEF HISTORY**

Glasgow City Council has a strong record of improving efficiencies; however these have been, in the past, driven by services wanting to improve sustainability rather than having an over-arching plan supported by policy.

#### THE CARBON IMPLEMENTATION PLAN (2008 – 2011)

The Carbon Implementation Plan (CIP) received approval from the Executive Committee in April 2008. It set a target to reduce annual CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 20% over a five-year period.

The baseline year, to measure progress in achieving this target, was 2005/06 when 194,169 tonnes of  $CO_2$  were emitted due to energy used to provide council services (buildings, street lighting and business related transport).

The target, therefore, was to reduce emissions by approximately 8,000 tonnes of  $CO_2$  annually over the five years of the programme. This reduction was intended to be over and above any business as usual increases.

#### CARBON MANAGEMENT PLAN PHASE ONE (2012 – 2013)

The first phase of the Carbon Management Plan (CMP) continued this ambitious target from a 2005/06 baseline, but built upon the governance and reporting arrangements that were in place. A review undertaken in July 2013 showed a 9% reduction had been achieved. This was a disappointing result after a 12% reduction up to the year before and could be largely attributed to an unusually cold, wet winter. It highlighted that carbon management had not been fully embedded within the council and arms length external organisations (ALEOs) and that there was still a need for council-wide buy-in and support.



#### CARBON MANAGEMENT: THE FUTURE (2013 – 2020)

Phase Two of Glasgow City Council's Carbon Management Plan (CMP), which will span a period of eight years, builds on the work undertaken during the first CMP and sets out how the council and its extended family of ALEOs intend to meet its carbon management targets and obligations.

Carbon and financial budgets usually come hand in hand. Therefore, carbon reductions will usually result in revenue savings. The focus of this plan is the achievement of carbon efficiencies but any efficiencies achieved will help ease pressures on service energy budgets

Although this document has been approved by council leadership and members, it remains a working document, with elements such as the project list and targets being reviewed, and if necessary amended annually to allow a more proactive approach

In addition, comparisons to baseline data will be performed on an absolute basis. There will be no adjustment for weather, changes to the estate or variation of the services provided by the council.

That is not to say that these variables will not be considered when evaluating performance, however any reported figures will be what the council is responsible for emitting, regardless of circumstances. This plan sets a 30% reduction target to be achieved by the end of financial year 2020/21 against a 2005/06 baseline.

Phase Two of the Carbon Management Plan sets out an absolute reduction target of



This target complements the Scottish Government's interim target of 42% reduction by 2020, albeit from a 2005/06 baseline rather than 1990 baseline. It also mirrors Sustainable Glasgow's target for the city of a 30% reduction by 2020. Further, it will help to ensure we exceed the recently published European target of a 40% reduction by 2030. <sup>1</sup>

Based on the reduction schedule presented in Section 2.7, a 30% reduction in emissions is estimated to be worth a cumulative (over 8 years) £39,780,000 (gross) at 2012/13 prices. This could be increased if savings are made earlier and when additional emission sources are included in the plan, for example emissions arising from the production of waste.

In 2012/13, Glasgow City Council emitted 122,776 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>.







<sup>1</sup> http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release\_IP-14-54\_en.htm

4 tonnes per employee

<sup>2</sup> Degree days is a measure of the difference between the baseline and the actual outdoor temperature multiplied by the number of days. (Carbon Trust)

This document is intended to 'dovetail' with a number of other council policies and strategies (Box 1) and should be read in parallel with these

**Box 1**.

Related Council Policies and Strategies

The Council's Strategic Plan The Council's Energy Policy City Centre Strategy Air Quality Action Plan Climate Change Adaptation Policy Local Development Plan Planning Policy The Energy and Carbon Masterplan

This CMP is the 'blueprint' for the council's Carbon Management Programme, administered by the Carbon Management Team (CMT), who perform three related but distinct functions for the council and its extended family.



The CMT has responsibility for delivering the above functions to all council services and ALEOs. Therefore, although being based in Land and Environmental Services (LES), the CMT have a corporate remit and provide a service to all departments and sections within the council family (see Section 2.1 for a detailed Carbon Management Structure).

This phase of the CMP seeks to continue to improve carbon management within the council and support the activities of colleagues throughout the city, Scotland and, indeed, Europe by supporting projects like the STEP-UP programme.

How this will be achieved, and how the Carbon Management Programme will continue to evolve, is detailed throughout this document.

# 1. Utility Management

## THE CARBON MANAGEMENT TEAM HAVE A NUMBER OF RESPONSIBILITIES IN RELATION TO UTILITIES:

- Assisting in the procurement process (managed by Procurement Scotland)
- Arranging supply to new or upgraded sites
- Arranging final readings and disconnection for closed or disposed of sites
- Validation of invoices (on statement billing account)
- Manual entry of invoices not currently on statement billing
- Co-ordination of meter readings
- Ensuring adherence to supply contract terms
- Continuing to improve the quality of data collected and billed upon
- Providing assistance when applying for Feed-in Tariff and Renewable Heat Incentive payments where renewable energy technologies installations exist within the council estate.
- Continuing to review and monitor to help ensure best value is achieved Suppliers for each utility and the duration of the contract are detailed in Table 1 below

#### TABLE 1. UTILITY CONTRACTS SUMMARY

Utility	Supplier	Contract Duration	
Electricity	EDF Energy	April 2016	
Natural Gas	Total Gas and Power	April 2017	
Water	er Business Stream		
Waste	e Glasgow City Council*		

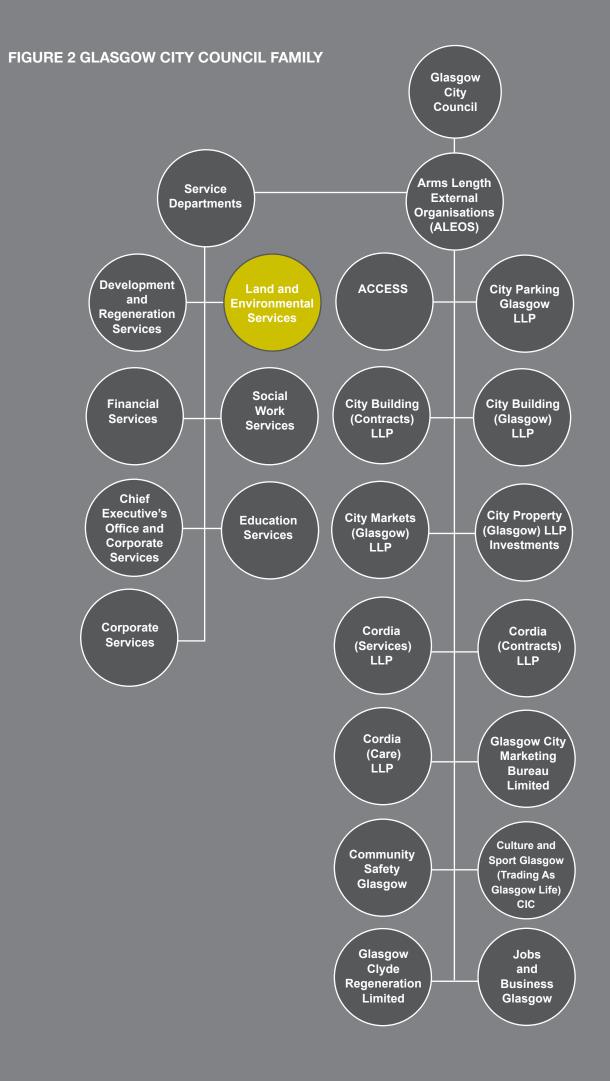
\* The council operate as a waste contractor and provide waste collection for all council services and ALEOs

# 2. Carbon Monitoring, Reporting and Review

#### 2.1 THE GLASGOW 'CARBON MANAGEMENT FAMILY'

The CMT is responsible for identifying, monitoring, reporting and supporting projects that reduce all emissions relating to our core services and those of our ALEOs. The team structure and how it fits within the council structure is presented in Figures 1 and 2





#### 2.2 SUSTAINABLE GLASGOW

Although this CMP relates solely to the activities of services and ALEOs within the council family, it is worth presenting the council's position in relation to the aspirations for the city of Glasgow.

In 2011 (the latest available data at time of writing), the city consumed a total of 8,879.3 gigawatt hours (GWh) of energy to heat and power its buildings. This total constituted 3,063.1 GWh of electricity, 5,603.6 GWh of gas, 4.6 GWh of coal, 213.6 GWh of gas oil, and 1.4 GWh of manufactured fuels. This consumption equates to carbon emissions of 2,564,946.9 tCO<sub>2</sub>.

In a similar period, the Glasgow City Council family was responsible for approximately 5% of the city total, when comparing building related emissions.

A collaborative and co-operative approach is required if both the council and the city are to meet their respective targets. Sustainable Glasgow was established to support activities that would help make the city a more sustainable place. The Sustainable Glasgow board has pan-sector representation that provides considerable resources. Figure 3 shows the structure of Sustainable Glasgow.

The activities of Sustainable Glasgow are being supported through two fixed term programmes, the 'TSB Future Cities Demonstrator Programme' and 'Strategies Towards Energy Performance and Urban Planning' (STEP-UP).

#### FIGURE 3 SUSTAINABLE GLASGOW STRUCTURE



#### 2.3.1 CLIMATE CHANGE

The 2013 report from the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) has provided the most compelling evidence yet that humans are responsible for the warming of the earth, stating that scientists are 95% certain that humans are the "dominant cause" of global warming since the 1950s.

It states that each of the last three decades has been successively warmer at the Earth's surface, and warmer than any period since 1850, and probably warmer than any time in the past 1,400 years.

The atmosphere and oceans have warmed, accompanied by sea-level rise, a strong decline in Arctic sea ice and increasingly frequent 'extreme' weather events including unseasonal rainfall, droughts and hurricanes.

The Scottish Government's recent publication – Low Carbon Scotland: Meeting our Emissions Reduction Targets 2013-2027 – The Draft Second Report on Proposals and Policies ("RPP2") – identifies the public sector's share of Scotland's 2010 greenhouse gas emissions as 0.9 million tonnes of  $CO_2$  or 2% of total Scottish emissions. Almost all (98%) of these emissions are from public sector buildings with 62% from local authorities.

Therefore, it's clear that in reducing the council's emissions, we can contribute to both national and international climate change reduction targets.

The IPCC's 5th Assessment Report http://www.ipcc.ch/report/ar5/wg1

#### 2.3.2 FINANCIAL DRIVERS

As a Local Authority, Glasgow City Council has a number of responsibilities and obligations. We recognise the role we have in leading by example in relation to reducing our environmental impact. However, we also have a responsibility to ensure best value for the citizens of Glasgow. Reducing carbon emissions directly reduces the council's operational costs and allows those finances to be directed elsewhere.

Whilst this CMP is focused on reducing  $CO_2$  emissions as a primary objective, it is acknowledged that there is an opportunity to reduce, or at least offset the rise in cost of, the circa £40m spent on council buildings, transport and carbon tax (Carbon Reduction Commitment) annually.

#### 2.3.3 CARBON REDUCTION COMMITMENT (CRC)

The Carbon Reduction Commitment (CRC) has proven to be one of the most influential drivers of change within the council. 2012/13 saw the council's obligation costing  $\pounds$ 1.47m for 122,776 t CO<sub>2</sub>.

This is split between the council, including the Strathclyde Pension Fund (~£987,000), and Glasgow Life (~£413,000). The remaining ALEOs are below the eligibility threshold, however annual checks are undertaken to ensure they remain so.

This is a rise of 6,800 tCO<sub>2</sub> and £80,000 compared to 2011/12, largely due to the introduction of additional building stock, for example the Emirates Arena.

For Phase 2 of the scheme (2014-2017), street lighting will be included, adding around 23,000 tonnes per annum to our total and ~ $\pm$ 370,000 due to the rise in cost of CO<sub>2</sub>.







#### **2.4 DATA**

Data is the basis for any good carbon management activity. Without an understanding of where measurement is starting from using accurate, timely data, the effects of reduction activities cannot be monitored with any degree of certainty.

# You can't manage what you don't measure

Data is collected from a range of sources including manual readings, supplier reports and estimates. The CMT strive to continuously improve data quality and, since buildings are responsible for approximately 70% of the council's emissions, the CMT have undertaken a programme of Automatic Meter Reader (AMR) installation. AMRs automatically record readings every half-hour and send that data to an energy monitoring software tool which allows the CMT to analyse and monitor site-level performance.

At the time of writing, the council family has 746 operational properties within which, there are 1,165 electricity meters, 651 natural gas meters and 563 water meters. Of these, 58% of electricity meters, 71% of natural gas meters and 30% of water meters have AMRs installed. Although it should be acknowledged that in consumption terms, coverage will be greater since it is predominantly sites with higher consumption that have AMRs installed.

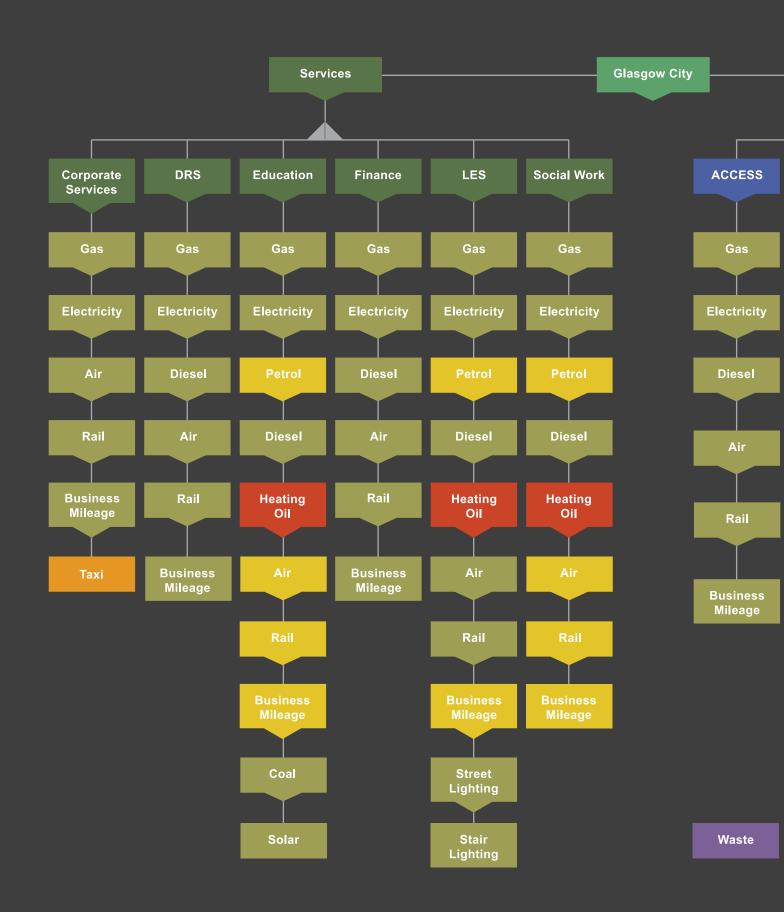
Installations of AMRs will continue throughout the term of the Carbon Management Programme, meaning data quality will continue to improve. Table 2 below presents the various data sources collected by service/ALEO, the colour coding indicates the quality of the data collected. Consumption data is collected for all buildings and business related transport, as detailed in Figure 4

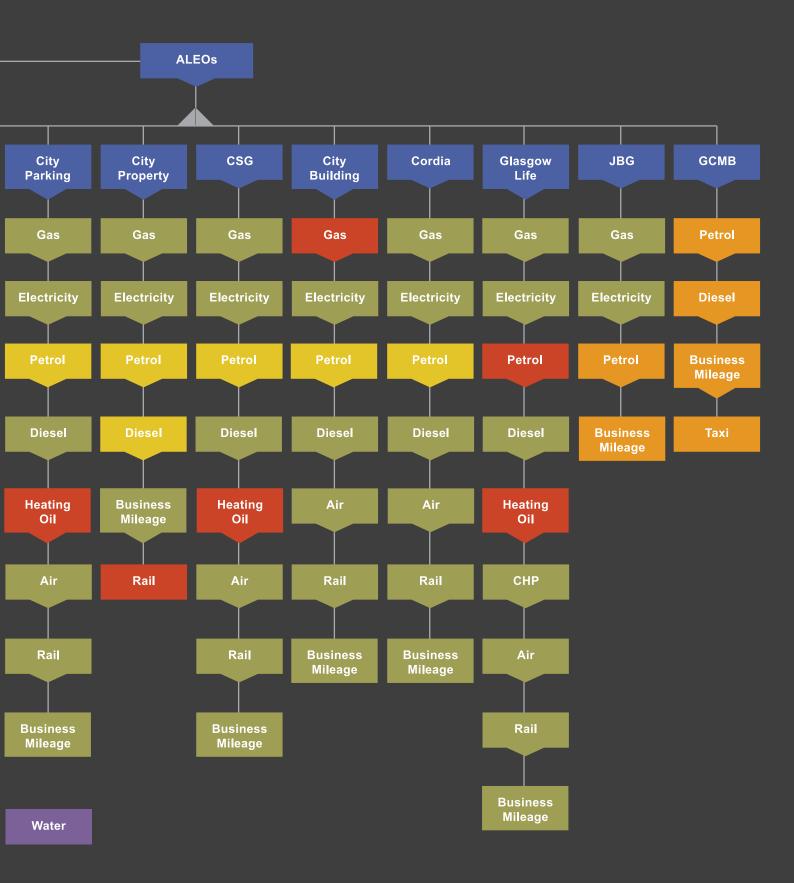
Data Quality	Explanation				
Good Data Quality	Automatically collected and validated data				
Average Data Quality	Automatically collected data requiring manual validation/manipulation				
Poor Data Quality	Manually collected data requiring manual validation/manipulation				
New Data	Newly added data sources not yet incorporated into the CMT's data collection procedure.				
Pending Data	Data currently being gathered but not yet included in our CO <sub>2</sub> figures.				

TABLE 2. SOURCES OF DATA AND AN EXPLANATION OF THEIR QUALITY

#### FIGURE 4. EMISSION SOURCES AND DATA QUALITY

\* Gas consumption data for City Building is not managed through the CMT's energy management software but is provided by City Building on a quarterly basis.







#### 2.4.1 EMISSION FACTORS

For the purposes of accurate comparison and to avoid confusion when providing internal reports, the CRC carbon emission factors for natural gas and electricity have been used when reporting emissions for the whole estate. However, it is recognised that variation in emissions factors will have an effect on the footprint. For this reason, a sensitivity analysis has been undertaken using the latest available emission factors. This is presented in section 6.

#### 2.4.2 BASELINE

Previous versions of the council's CMP utilised 2005/06 as the baseline year from which progress was measured; 194,169 tonnes of  $CO_2$  were emitted that year.





#### 2.4.3 RE-BASELINING

In 2005/06, there were virtually no AMRs in the council estate meaning the CMT were reliant on manual meter readings and estimates from utility companies to establish the baseline. In addition, there have been a number of changes to the estate over the last eight years including but not limited to:

- The inclusion of ALEOs such as Jobs and Business Glasgow and Community Safety Glasgow
- The closure of 263 buildings and the addition of 156 buildings (a net of 107 fewer locations), largely as a result of the 'Tomorrow's Office' programme of building rationalisation
- A number of renewables have been installed including heat-pumps, photovoltaics and biomass boilers

In recognition of this, a new baseline has been calculated. By using the emissions from 2012/13, performance to date could be measured whilst providing a more accurate starting point for the eventual evaluation of phase two.



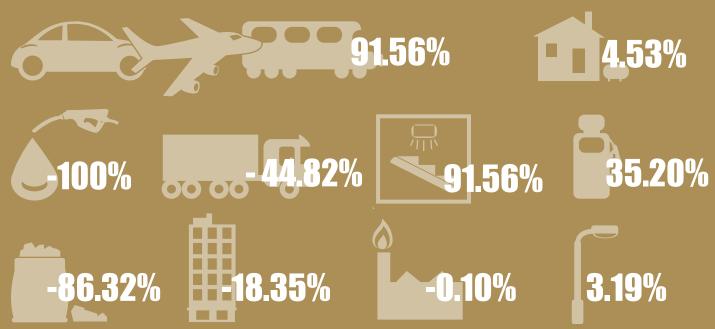
The table below presents an updated 2005/06 baseline against an absolute figure for 2012/13 for each emission source recorded. Both the 2005/06 and 2012/13 totals have not been corrected in any way; they represent what was emitted each year, relative to the emissions sources within scope, regardless of building asset or council activity.

## TABLE 3. COMPARISON OF 2005/06 AND 2012/13 BASELINE FIGURES

Energy Usage	kgCO <sub>2</sub> /unit	Emissions (tonnes CO <sub>2</sub> )		Variation (%)	
		2005/06	2012/13	2005/06 vs 2012/13	
Electricity (buildings)	0.541	80,190	65,478	-18.35%	
Electricity (street lighting)	0.541	21,816	22,513	3.19%	
Electricity (stair lighting)	0.541	13,623	9,881	-27.47%	
Gas (buildings)	0.1836	50,197	50,146	-0.10%	
Coal (buildings)	2577	6,752	924	-86.32%	
Oil (buildings)	2.762	12,767	13,345	4.53%	
Diesel (transport/ plant)	2.639	12,797	17,301	35.20%	
Petrol (transport)	2.3035	656	362	-44.82%	
LPG	1.495	338	0	-100.00%	
Air	0.1883		306		
<b>Rail</b> 0.0611		782	32	91.56%	
Car	0.2235		1,160		
TOTAL		199,919*	181,447*	-9.24%	

\*These figures have not been corrected to reflect the affects of weather or changes to the estate.

## FIGURE 5. PERCENTAGE OF VARIATION IN EMISSIONS BY SOURCE SINCE 2005/06



Electricity consumption is our single largest source of emissions, responsible for 54% of the total Followed by natural gas (for heating and hot water), responsible for 30% of emissions.

#### 2.5 SCOPE

While not all of the work streams presented in Table 4 form part of the current scope of this CMP2, the council acknowledges its responsibility in reducing the impact of all of these, wherever possible. The nature of the Carbon Management Programme will ensure that some of these impacts, both positive and negative, are incorporated in to future revisions of the CMP.

#### TABLE 4. WORK STREAMS

BUILDINGS & ESTATE	TRANSPORT	WASTE	OPERATIONS & ACTIVITIES	EMPLOYEE
Fuel Use	Electric Vehicles	Reducing Waste	Grounds Maintenance	Driving
Energy Efficiency Billing	Electric Charging Points	Recycling	Roads and Assets Management	Home working
Voltage Optimisation	Fuel Usage	Re-use	Crematoria	Flexible Working
Boiler Optimisation	Hybrid Vehicles	Sharing of Equipment and facilities	Cleansing Operations	PC Usage
Retrofits	Route Optimisation	Distribution of Equipment	Catering	Monitoring and Analysis
Street Lighting	eet Lighting Analysis and WARP-IT Accounting		Events	Training
Solar and PV Panels				Awareness
Analysis and Accounting				

The CMT, working alongside colleagues in other council and ALEO departments, will, where possible, establish baselines, set reduction targets and progress projects for many of these in subsequent versions of this CMP.

#### 2.5.1 'WITHIN-SCOPE' BUILDINGS

The council recognises that energy used in our buildings is by far the largest source of carbon emissions. The building types operated by the council are schools, care homes, day care centres, offices and depots. For reporting purposes, Glasgow Life and City Building (Glasgow) LLP are part of this evaluation, therefore libraries, sports facilities, a manufacturing facility and museums are also included. A full list of sites has been included in Appendix 2.

As part of the National Procurement contract with EDF, we aim to purchase 100% 'Green' electricity. This is the case for the majority of sites meaning they are exempt from paying the Climate Change Levy (CCL).

However, for the purposes of reporting carbon emissions, the standard grid electricity conversion factor has been used universally.

#### STREET LIGHTING

This includes street lighting in residential areas and highways, traffic signs, bollards and lighting in residential common areas. Glasgow's street lighting supply is un-metered or Pseudo Half Hourly supply, (explanation on p27) so consumption is calculated by the following formula:

representative metered supply x number of lamps = annual consumption

For example, if the consumption of one street light is measured this reading can be extrapolated to obtain a consumption for all street lights.

#### **STAIR LIGHTING**

Although a small proportion of private residences are maintained by the council, 'stair-lighting' predominantly refers to lighting provided for close, stair and back-court areas in residential developments formerly



managed as part of the social housing stock. These properties have since transferred to a variety of Registered Social Landlords (RSLs), however, as part of the Housing Stock Transfer Agreement, the council have responsibility for these lights.

#### TRANSPORT

The data for transport includes all council fleet vehicles, including cars, vans and refuse vehicles; and vehicle mileage used in the course of council business, including personal vehicles, hire cars and taxis.

#### WATER

Water related consumption has been collected and the resultant emissions calculated. This is the first year water has been included in the CMP and will therefore act as our baseline for water emissions. To allow like-for-like comparison of emissions with the 2005/06 baseline, water emissions will remain separate from the total emissions contributing to the 2020 target.

1,096,934m<sup>3</sup> of water was consumed within the council family in 2012/13 and was responsible for 1,865 tCO<sub>2</sub> at a cost of just over £5.5m

#### 2.5.2 'OUT-WITH SCOPE'

#### WASTE

It is the aim of the council to improve internal waste data management to allow for accurate reporting within the CMP of all waste streams resulting from council premises.

To do so the council will investigate the adoption of an environmental management system or separate waste plan such as the Zero Waste Scotland Waste Prevention Plan.

Once an appropriate waste management programme has been implemented, waste will be integrated into the CMP.

The CMT have initiated a waste data gathering

exercise in order to establish a waste baseline. This is detailed in Section 5.3.

Pg 26 Pseudo Half-Hourly Metering is a technique for calculating half hourly electricity supplies where the supply is unmetered. It is defined as a dynamic supply where (i) a set of equipment fixed to land that performs a common function (for example, street lighting), (ii) one element of the set of equipment is metered (for example a lamp post) and (iii) the existing meter point is used as a benchmark to determine the overall supply to the entire set of equipment in a given period. www.carbonreductioncommitment.co.uk/glos.shtml

#### 2.6 REPORTING AND REVIEW

A new carbon management structure has been established to help ensure better integration of carbon management within the organisation. Figure 6, in section 2.8 presents the new Carbon Managment Corporate Structure while Appendix 3 presents the reporting requirements relating to the Carbon Management Programme.



#### 2.7 TARGETS

To help ensure the 30% reduction target by 2020 is met, cumulative annual targets i.e. target against consumption in the preceding year, have been set for all emission sources, for each of the services and ALEOs.

These targets will be reviewed and reported on annually, and adjusted based on performance in the preceding year. There are a number of benefits of managing targets in this way, including:

- Allowing targets to be 'sculpted' around known activities
- Maintaining momentum from early activity
- Reducing the risk of reverting to 'poor' practices
- Mitigating carbon intensive activities i.e. the Commonwealth Games

Using the re-baselined 2012/13 footprint of 181,447 tCO $_2$ , reduction targets will be set as presented in Table 5.

### TABLE 5. REDUCTION TARGETS FROM 2013/14 TO 2020/21 BYEMISSION SOURCE

Targets (% reduction)									
Emission Source	2012/13 Baseline	2013/ 14	2014/ 15	2015/ 16	2016/ 17	2017/ 18	2018/ 19	2019/ 20	2020/ 21
Electricity (buildings)	0	2	2	4	4	4	4	3	3
Gas (buildings)	0	2	3	4	4	4	4	3	3
Oil (buildings)	0	2	5	20	20	4	4	3	3
Coal (buildings)	0	2	50	50	0	4	4	3	3
Street lighting	0	0	6	4	4	4	4	3	3
Back-court lighting	0	2	3	4	4	4	4	3	3
Vehicles - diesel	0	1	3	4	4	4	4	3	3
Vehicles - petrol	0	1	3	4	4	4	4	3	3
Air business travel	0	1	3	4	4	4	4	3	3
Rail business travel	0	1	3	4	4	4	4	3	3
Car business travel	0	1	3	4	4	4	4	3	3

It is noted that additional targets will be required once waste and water are incorporated into the plan.

In addition, a mechanism will need to be put in place for district heating networks operated by the council to account for the fuel in versus the heat output where that is being utilised.

#### 2.8 RESPONSIBILITIES

One of the key themes of this revised CMP is the devolution of responsibilities. The new carbon management corporate structure ensures that all services and ALEOs are represented in the Carbon Management Programme, presented in Figure 6 below. Reporting requirements relating to this new structure are detailed in Appendix 3.

#### Figure 6. Carbon Management Corporate Structure



To ensure participation, each service and ALEO has produced a Carbon Action Plan (CAP). This sets their respective baseline, using 2012/13 consumption, their  $CO_2$  reduction target and a list of projects that will contribute to this target.

These CAPs will be reviewed annually and performance will be reported to the Carbon Management Board.

This assigns responsibility for reducing emissions to the services that have the ability to influence change and, through the reporting requirements, provide accountability.

Figure 7 below, presents emissions by service and ALEO. The three largest consumers, responsible for nearly 80% of emissions, are Education, Glasgow Life and Land and Environmental Services.

Figure 7. Percentage of total emissions by Service/ALEO

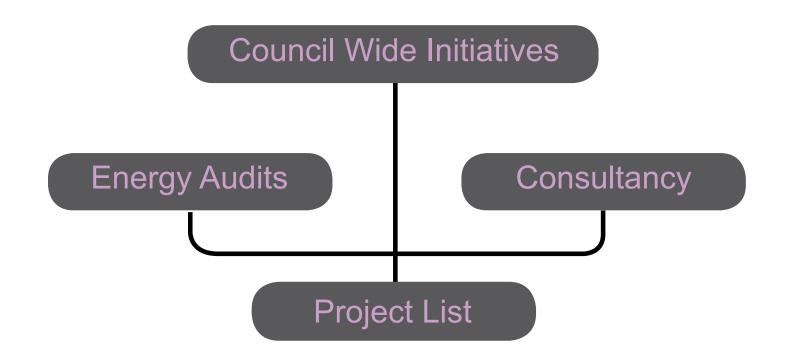
Financial Services   0.36%		
Development and Regeneration Services   0.48%	4.52%	City Building Glasgow
City Property <b>0.64%</b>	7.32%	Social Work Services
ACCESS <b>0.83%</b>	16.6%	Land and Environmental Services
City Parking <b>0.87%</b>	24.65%	Glasgow Life
Chief Executives Department <b>0.94%</b>	37.07%	Education

One of the core activities of the CMT is the identification and implementation of carbon reduction strategies, projects and activities.

In addition, the CMT provides support in an advisory capacity, which includes energy auditing of buildings as well as rolling out council wide energy saving initiatives. It also provides advice in a consultancy role, providing support and information to services with existing project ideas.

## 3. Project Identification, Implementation and Monitoring

#### **3.1 IDENTIFYING PROJECTS**



#### FIGURE 8 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION PROCESS



#### **3.1.1 ENERGY AUDITS**

The majority of projects arise from a programme of energy audits undertaken by the Carbon Officers. Sites are selected in three main ways:

- 1 Monitoring consumption increases: the Carbon Officers track consumption increases on a monthly basis, and, where increases are identified without a known cause, investigation is initiated.
- 2 Benchmarking: Three main benchmarking exercises are undertaken; sites that appear to show consumption greater than expected are investigated;
  - Using figures provided by the Chartered Institute of Building Services Engineers (CIBSE),sites are assessed on a consumption by area (kWh/m<sub>2</sub>) basis;
  - By comparison to similar building types; and
  - By using degree days for heating related consumption.
- **3** Service requests: a request for a site audit may come from the service as a result of employees flagging up issues.

Once sites have been selected, a more detailed desktop study of energy use is carried out to help guide the on-site audit.

Information is gathered on a range of factors including site use, hours of occupancy, recent/ planned works (which may involve energy efficiency measures), details of existing plant and of the general condition of the building fabric.

A site audit is undertaken to identify areas of energy saving which may include lighting, heating/cooling, out of hours consumption, draught proofing and behavioural change.

Identified opportunities are presented, alongside the data gathered and results of the audit, in a detailed report, which is sent to the service/ALEO and the site contact. Once costed and agreed, opportunities are added to the service CAP and to the master project list.

#### **3.1.2 COUNCIL-WIDE INITIATIVES**

The CMT has been pivotal in the identification of technologies that yield significant carbon savings and can be rolled out across the whole estate, where appropriate. To date, this has included the following initiatives:

- Boiler optimisation
- Voltage optimisation
- Window sealant
- Installation of smart meters for electricity, gas and water
- PC shutdown software
- BMS upgrades
- Behavioural change campaign
- Lighting upgrades and refurbishments

Refer to Section 5 for more detail on each programme.

#### **3.1.3 CONSULTANCY**

The CMT are well placed to offer expertise pertaining to the carbon and energy aspects of projects being delivered by the council, both internally and externally. This leads to the CMT being contacted to provide expertise on projects on an ad hoc basis. For example, in relation to the school's refurbishment programme (details provided in Section 5.2).

The type of advice given can include the provision of energy data, determining the suitability of a site for a particular technology, legislation and funding queries, organising trials of products as well as any ongoing support that may be required.

As well as supporting energy projects, the CMT has capability in waste and water and supports carbon saving programmes in these areas. Examples include developing smart metering for water supplies and developing the waste baseline for council premises (see Section 5).

#### **3.1.4 FUNDING AND IMPLEMENTATION**

The vast majority of projects that arise from energy audits conducted by the CMT are funded using the Central Energy Efficiency Fund (CEEF). CEEF is a cyclical fund set up in 2004, which can be utilised for energy efficiency projects with a payback of up to seven years for nonrenewable technologies and up to ten years for renewable technologies projects.

However, where a business case can be made, capital funding may be utilised. For example  $\pounds$ 1.1m was provided to install voltage optimiser units throughout the estate.

Projects are assessed on payback and relative carbon savings to ensure best utilisation of the fund. Figure 9 summarises the CEEF funding process .



FIGURE 9. SUMMARY OF FUNDING PROJECTS USING THE CEEF FUND.

City Building Glasgow (CBG) act as both procurer, using various frameworks, project manager, where required, and contractor. For ICT related projects, for example PC shutdown software, ACCESS provide these services.

Council-wide initiatives are funded by a mix of CEEF and Capital Funds. To access Capital Funds, business cases are presented to the CMB for initial approval, prior to submission to the Capital Programme Board. In some instances, approval from elected members may also be sought via an appropriate committee.

In some instances, energy efficiency projects may be carried out by services using their own budget allocations.

#### 3.2 MONITORING

Post installation of energy saving technologies, the Carbon Officers monitor energy consumption data to verify estimated savings and to determine that the technology is working as anticipated. Half-hourly data is interrogated where available and invoice data is used if not.

In addition to this data analysis, Carbon Officers engage with site contacts and other employees to obtain feedback to help gauge the success of the new technology on the ground.

Verification is used to help guide the future roll out of technology types; where results have been lower than expected or feedback has been negative, the CMT can try a new approach. Where results have been favourable, the technology may be rolled out across the estate to further carbon savings.



# 4. Project Plan

As of 2013, individual services were issued with a Carbon Action Plan (CAP) to further drive carbon savings. Each CAP has a service specific target based on consumption in previous years; with these targets being met by council wide carbon saving initiatives managed by the CMT as well as the services themselves coming forward with projects of their own.

There are a number of advantages in ensuring a close working relationship between the CMT and the services including:

- A greater number of carbon saving measures will be identified and quantified
- Knowledge sharing and awareness raising is improved
- Competition is created

All initiatives, whether they come from the CMT or the services, are entered into each of the CAPs as well as a master project list. Doing so allows the CMT to track the types of projects identified and implemented as well as any financial and environmental savings.

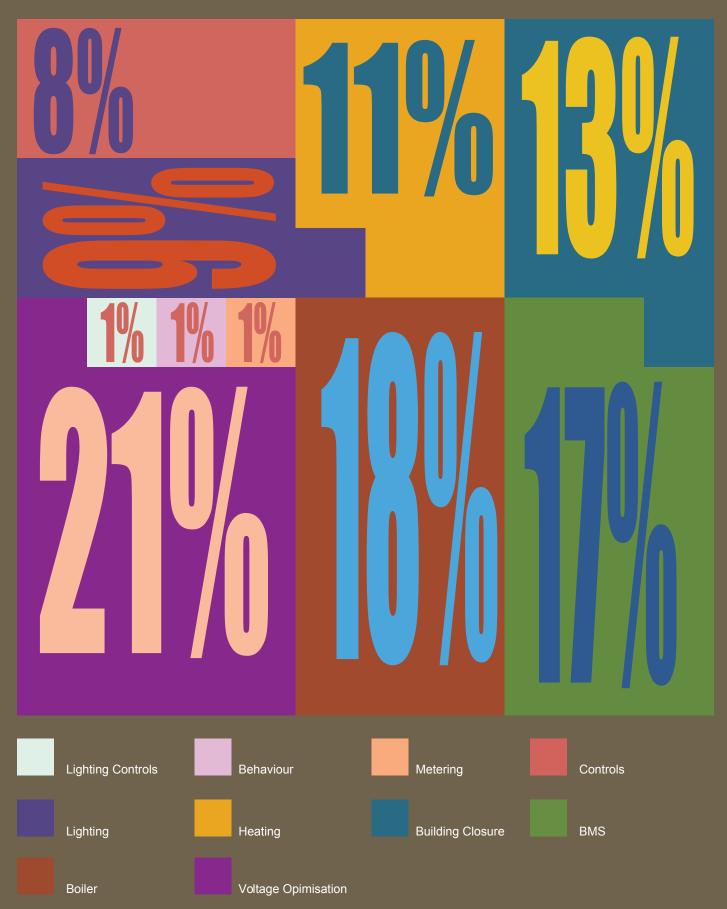
Table 6 shows where the council currently stands regarding the carbon reduction total compared to savings identified from projects identified in 2013/14.

#### TABLE 6. TARGETS SET FOR 2013/14 VS SAVINGS IDENTIFIED

Tonnes of Carbon Dioxide								
Electricity (buildings)	2012/13 Performance	2013/14 Target	Reduction Total	2013/14 Projects Identified	2013/14 Gaps			
Electricity (buildings)	73,277	69,189	4,088	3,559	529			
Electricity (street lighting)	22,513	22,513	0	0	0			
Gas (buildings)	51,310	51,071	239	2,032	-1,793			
Coal (buildings)	924	878	46	0	46			
Oil (buildings)	13,343	13,084	259	16	243			
Back-court lighting	19,975	19,575	400	139	261			
Diesel (transport/plant)	7,082	7,042	40	0	40			
Petrol (transport/plant)	486	350	136	0	136			
Air	304	303	1	0	1			
Rail	33	31	2	0	2			
CAR	1,158	1,018	140	0	140			
TOTAL	190,405	185,054	5,351	5,746	- 395			

Figure 10 shows the types of projects identified and associated savings as a percentage of the total.

FIGURE 10. SUMMARY OF THE MAIN PROJECT TYPES IDENTIFIED IN CARBON ACTION PLANS



# 5. Strategic Projects

As well as the more technological projects mentioned above, the CMT drives a number of strategic projects, detailed in section 5.1 and supports projects driven by other services/teams, some examples of which are provided in section 5.2.







#### 5.1 CARBON MANAGEMENT TEAM DRIVEN STRATEGIC PROJECTS

#### 5.1.1 AUTOMATIC METER READER (AMR) INSTALLATIONS

The Carbon Management Team was instrumental in rolling out the AMR programme over the past few years.

As detailed in section 2.4, the council have significant coverage of AMRs, however this programme will continue to be rolled wherever practical.

In order to ensure that all appropriate meters are fitted with AMR devices, all the remaining meters were assessed to determine their energy spend as well as the operational life. Those meters above a cost threshold have been put forward to gather quotes for installing AMR devices. Depending on the cost of works, the estimated payback period and pending approval from the Services, AMRs will be installed to provide greater visibility on our energy consumption.

At the time of writing, quotes for all suitable gas meters have been received and are being processed. The list of suitable electricity meters is complete and relevant stakeholders have been contacted to begin the process.

#### 5.1.2 DEMAND-SIDE MANAGEMENT

A trial is underway to investigate the potential for entering into an agreement with the network operator whereby the council allows DSM technology to be installed in council buildings that permits certain pieces of equipment to be shut down at times of pressure on the supply grid. The process will be automated and managed through sophisticated building management systems. The process only shuts down equipment if given permission by the BMS.

Initially, up to ten sites could be included in the trial. Essentially it's the beginnings of a smart grid system in Glasgow and, pending the success of the trial, this could be rolled out throughout the city with particular focus on heavily utilised areas of the grid network. The additional benefit to Glasgow City Council is the identification of efficiencies that may be achieved by turning off certain pieces of equipment.

#### 5.1.3 VOLTAGE OPTIMISATION (VO)

At the time of writing, VO units have been installed in 62 buildings during three phases to a range of sites including schools, offices, depots, leisure centres, museums and a theatre. Financial savings of nearly  $\pounds$ 400,000 and over 2,200 CO<sub>2</sub> a year are being realised.

The current phase of installations will continue to install these units wherever viable.

Resource Efficient Scotland (RES) have produced a case study on this programme. More information can be obtained from their website .

#### 5.1.4 BMS UPGRADES

The variability in age, design and condition of building stock within the council family makes it very difficult to employ one solution universally; however, the CMT are committed to upgrading BMS wherever viable. Indeed the programme has already included some of our larger buildings, including the City Chambers Complex and 220 High St.

#### 5.1.5 BEHAVIOUR CHANGE CAMPAIGN

Awareness raising is a continual process, therefore the CMT have a dedicated, fulltime awareness officer. Their first main task is revitalisation of the awareness campaign combined with a new communications plan. The campaign has four main objectives that will be achieved through a variety of activities and media, delivered through external, top-down and peer-to-peer communication.

- Inform external stakeholders of the council's activity in relation to carbon management
- Keep staff informed of carbon reduction targets, projects and progress
- Educate staff of the reason for reducing their and the council's impact
- Inform staff of their responsibilities (based on position) and what they can do to contribute



### 5.2 PROJECTS SUPPORTED BY THE CMT

#### 5.2.1 EDUCATION REFURBISHMENT PROGRAMME (4RS)

The Education Refurbishment Program will see a £250m capital investment in the school estate over 5 years, upgrading roofs, exterior walls, decorations, fences, paths, drainage and the removal of dry rot and asbestos. The CMT are using the opportunity created by the refurbishment to act in concert with the program and undertake work to enhance the sustainability and energy efficiency of the school estate. This involves liaising with the Project Management and Design Teams to ensure all the options are explored and, where necessary, additional funding can be secured. Interventions will include window and roof light replacements, insulation and draft proofing, lighting, boiler upgrades and BMS.

#### **5.2.2 BIOMASS INSTALLATIONS**

The council has been working towards reducing carbon emissions by converting oil fired sites to biomass. For the initial phase, nine sites have been identified. Six schools were included as well as two care homes and an LES depot; savings are identified as:

- 1,472,534kWh
- 2,064 tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>
- £67,037 (based on unit cost for gas oil versus heat)

### **5.3 WASTE BASELINE**

To date, a baseline of council waste data has not been recorded due to the way in which waste is collected; waste from council premises is collected on the same rounds as other non-council sites. This means that tonnage information cannot be gathered from waste transfer notes.

Historically, council premises have had very limited (and sometimes no) recycling facilities. The Waste (Scotland) Regulations 2012 require that, as of 1 January 2014, recyclables must be separated at site. As such, council sites will be receiving recycling facilities in the form of co-mingled dry recyclables, food waste (where appropriate) and general waste uplifts.

This change in waste provision has reinforced the need for the development of a baseline for waste data. The CMT have assumed responsibility for this in assistance with the Waste and Recycling Team in Land and Environmental Services.

Due to the fact that waste and recycling will continue to be collected in mixed rounds, waste tonnages will be estimated. Weight estimation will be achieved in the following way (Figure 11):

Attend site	Gather	Qualify types	Apply SEPA waste
prior to uplift to		of waste	conversion factors to
assess fullness		produced on	estimate tonnages of
of bins		site	each type of waste.

FIGURE. 11 PROCESS FOR ESTIMATING TONNAGE INFORMATION ON A SITE - BY SITE BASIS

Every site within each service and ALEO will be inspected at least twice over the course of the next year to calculate the baseline. This will help mitigate for unusual uplifts and seasonal variances.



#### **5.3.1 CARBON METRIC**

The Scottish Carbon Metric is a method for measuring and helping to reduce the environmental impact of waste. The Scottish Government and Zero Waste Scotland, with advice from other stakeholders, have developed the Carbon Metric to support and record work to reduce waste and its damage to the environment.

The Carbon Metric has a national focus, which can be applied more locally throughout Scotland by individual organisations. While use of the Metric is optional, the council aim to be one of a few exemplar organisations who will be early adopters of the metric as a way of better understanding and reporting the impact of their waste management practices.

The Carbon Metric allows organisations to convert waste/resources into Carbon Equivalents (examples in Table 6 below). Credit is given where waste is recycled or incinerated for energy providing an incentive for treating waste rather than simply disposing to landfill.

Waste Management Route	Carbon factor (tCO <sub>2</sub> eq per tonne of waste)
Arisings	2.514
Recycled	-0.955
Incinerated	-0.355
Landfilled	0.346

#### TABLE 7 CARBON FACTORS FOR PUBLIC SECTOR WASTE

These factors are taken from other sectors and considered to be the best possible match for mixed waste from the public sector, although it is recognised that more accurate figures could be developed within the sector, over time.

# 6. Emission Factor Sensitivity Analysis

#### 6.1 EMISSION FACTORS EXPLAINED

The Kyoto Protocol lists a 'basket' of six main greenhouse gases (GHG):

- Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)
- Methane ( $CH_{4}$ )
- Nitrous oxide (N<sub>2</sub>O)
- Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs)
- Sulphur hexafluoride (F6S)
- Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)

The primary GHGs emitted in significant amounts are the three principal gases associated with generating electricity (CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O).

Greenhouse gases vary in how effectively they trap heat in the atmosphere (radiative forcing).

The term "radiative forcing" refers to the amount of heat-trapping potential for GHG, measured in units of power per unit of area.

(watts per metre squared)

"Global warming potential" (GWP) is a measure of this ability. The GWP of a gas considers the immediate impact and the longevity of that gas in the atmosphere.  $CO_2$  is used as the base unit and so has a GWP of 1. The GWP of all other GHGs is expressed as a multiple relative to the impact of  $CO_2$ .  $CH_4$ , for example, has a GWP of 21, indicating that its radiative forcing is 21 times that of  $CO_2$ . In other words, releasing one tonne of  $CH_4$  is equivalent to releasing 21 tonnes of  $CO_2$ , which can also be expressed as 21 tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent ( $CO_2e$ ).

Emission factors allow consumption activity to be converted into universally comparable units. They are typically expressed as kilograms of carbon dioxide per consumption unit  $(kgCO_2)$ .

A range of factors are available, meaning organisations are able to compare the impact of their electricity, natural gas, coal, oil, water and waste (and many more) using the same units i.e. the carbon associated with electricity can be compared to the carbon associated with water.

By converting to  $CO_2$ , an organisation can compare the impact of their activities and use that to target their actions. For example, Glasgow City Council's greatest measured impact is its buildings, therefore the majority of our carbon reduction activities relate to reducing electricity and gas consumption in buildings.

#### 6.2 'GREENING' OF EMISSION FACTORS

The carbon emissions factors tend to vary over time depending on the mix of fuels contributing to energy source. In the case of grid electricity, the factor has been decreasing due to the increased proportion of generation from renewable sources, more efficient plant generating the electricity and more efficient management and distribution of that electricity.

In the case of liquid transport fuels, the 'Renewable Transport Fuel Obligation' (RTFO), introduced in April 2008, placed a legal requirement on transport fuel suppliers (who supply more than 450,000 litres of fossil fuel per annum to the UK market) to ensure that 4.75% (by volume) of their overall fuel sales are from a renewable source by 2013/14. This should have the effect of reducing the carbon associated with petrol and diesel.

As carbon footprinting becomes more sophisticated, and the lifecycle of the various energy sources is better understood, emission sources can also be affected.

# 6.3 EMISSION FACTORS COMPARED

Table 8 below presents the emission factors employed in 2005/06 (these have been used in subsequent years to allow like-for-like comparison of performance), the latest factors published for each emission source currently measured and reported, and the affect these have on emissions.

#### TABLE 8. 'STANDARD' VERSUS UPDATED FACTORS

Energy Usage	Units	2005/6 Factors kgCO2/unit	Updated kgCO2/unit	Emissions using 2005/6	Emissions using Updated 2012/13	Variation (%)
Electricity (buildings)	kWh	0.541	0.4939	71,438	65,218	-8.71%
Electricity (street lighting)	kWh	0.541	0.4939	22,513	20,553	-8.71%
Electricity (stair lighting)	kWh	0.541	0.4939	9,881	9,021	-8.71%
Gas (buildings)	kWh	0.1836	0.18521	51,892	52,347	0.88%
Coal (buildings)	Tonnes	2577	2449	924	878	-4.97%
Oil (buildings)	Litres	2.762	3.0213	13,345	14,598	9.39%
Diesel (transport/plant)	Litres	2.639	2.6769	17,301	17,549	1.44%
Petrol (transport)	Litres	2.3035	2.3144	362	364	0.55%
LPG	Litres	1.495	1.4929	0	0	0.00%
Air	Miles	0.1883	0.16685	306	271	-11.43%
Rail	Miles	0.0611	0.05818	32	30	-6.25%
Car	Miles	0.2235	0.3129	1,160	1,624	40.00%
TOTAL				189,154	182,454	

As can be seen from the above figures, if updated emission factors are used, the council's annual footprint would be reduced by approximately  $6,700 \text{ tCO}_2$  based on 2012/13 emissions. That represents 3.5% of the 2005/06 footprint.

The single largest variance relates to grid electricity, 8.71%. This is due to the decision to use the CRC factor for both electricity and gas, to ensure consistency when reporting carbon figures.

In contrast, the factors relating to gas, oil, diesel, petrol and car emissions have all risen since 2005/06.

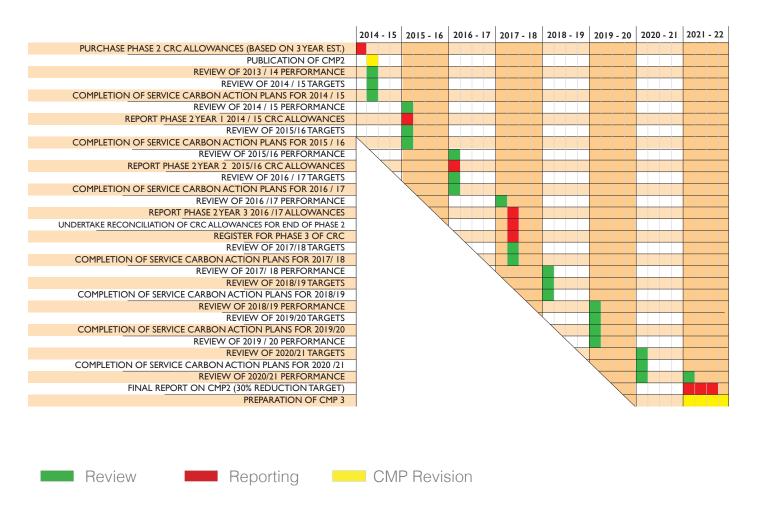
As part of the efforts to simplify the CRC scheme, a decision was taken by the Carbon Management Team to utilise the emission factors published by the Department for Energy and Climate Change (DECC), this will take effect from the beginning of Phase 2 (2014). This will be reflected in future footprint calculations.

# 7. REVIEW AND MITIGATION

Performance against the targets set out in this plan will be reviewed annually, three months in arrears to allow all quarterly consumption figures to be included in the final figures. A timetable is included below (Table 9).

This annual review will allow for earlier intervention where individual projects, services/ALEOs or the plan as a whole is not meeting targets.

#### TABLE 9. TIMETABLE FOR REVIEW OF CMP



The results will be reviewed annually and presented to the CMB in July of each year. Where required, targets and CAPs will be revised to ensure we remain on track for a 30% reduction.

# 7.1 CONTACTS

Name	Title	Organisation/ALEO	Email	Phone
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# 8. Appendices

Appendix 1 – Carbon Management Drivers Appendix 2 – Building Asset List Appendix 3 – Reporting Requirements Appendix 4 – Project List Appendix 5 – Communication Aims Appendix 6 – Energy Policy

#### **APPENDIX 1** INTERNAL DRIVERS OF CARBON MANAGEMENT PLAN

Name of Driver	Туре	Summary	Key points for Carbon Management Plan
Current Financial Climate	Financial	The current financial pressure creates added impetus to meeting various targets, thus avoiding unnecessary financial penalties. The financial climate emphasises the importance of using resources in an optimal manner, working as efficiently as possible and reducing waste. 'Although it seems as though we have been dealing with funding cuts for years, we are only a third of the way through the reductions we face. This means our service reform programme remains vital. It has already delivered some £170 million of savings, with £52 million more to be delivered this year' - George Black, October 2013 Insider.	The Carbon Management Plan is a tool for the council to use when maximising resource potential, save on energy bills and promoting efficiency and sustainability in infrastructure.
Tomorrow's Glasgow	Reputational	<ul> <li>Glasgow City Council has made a commitment to 'develop(ing) Glasgow as the most sustainable city in Europe by improving the city's approach to energy, waste and transport to achieve:</li> <li>jobs and investment in the city;</li> <li>a reduced carbon footprint; connected transport infrastructure for business and the community;</li> <li>increased use of public and green transport.' (accessed from connect.glasgow gov.uk/WorkingTogether/TomorrowsGlasgow/ tomorrowsglasgowsustainablecity.htm on 15/10/13).</li> </ul>	The Carbon Management Plan is an essential document in supporting and developing Glasgow's sustainability credentials and is a blueprint for Glasgow on which to act when leading by example.
The Glasgow City Plan 2		Part 2 - Development Strategy Priorities and Proposals: Environment section 5.70 - 5.81 advance social renewal by delivering more energy efficient homes, reducing household fuel consumption and expenditure; promote sustainability by encouraging lower carbon buildings, with increased on-site energy generation and use of low and/or zero carbon technologies; and improve and maintain residents' health by promoting the development of energy efficient, warmer homes.	The Carbon Management Plan furthers the Council's commitment to low carbon, and introduces tools such as energy audits to maximise energy efficiency in Council and ALEO buildings.

#### EXTERNAL DRIVERS OF CARBON MANAGEMENT PLAN

Name of Driver	Туре	Summary	Key points for Glasgow City Council
Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009	Legislation	The Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009 sets a net emission target for 2050 which is an 80% reduction on the 1990 baseline. A target for 2020 is also set at 42% of the 1990 baseline. Emissions of concern are identified as Carbon Dioxide, Methane, Nitrous Oxide, Hydroflurocarbons, Perflurocarbons and Sulfur Hexafluride. The Act sets out various obligations for Scottish Ministers and Public Bodies as part of achieving these targets.	<ul> <li>Part 4, Section 44 of the Act requires Public Bodies to act:</li> <li>in the way best calculated to contribute to delivery of the Act's emissions reduction targets;</li> <li>in the way best calculated to deliver any statutory adaptation programme; and</li> <li>in a way that it considers most sustainable.</li> <li>Part 5, Section 65 of the Act requires the Local Authority to establish energy efficiency discount schemes.</li> </ul>
The CRC Energy Efficiency Scheme Order 2010	Legislation	The CRC (Carbon Reduction Commitment) Energy Efficiency Scheme Order 2010 (the Scheme) is a United Kingdom wide mandatory scheme that applies to large non-energy intensive Private and Public bodies. The Scheme is part of the British Government commitment to cut emissions 80% by 2050 from a 1990 baseline. The Scheme covers direct energy used as well as purchased. Organisations covered by the Scheme use over 6,000 MWh of energy per year and are required to report their annual energy use and carbon emissions; league tables are produced ranking by energy use and emissions reductions over time. Those companies who do poorly in the league tables are required to pay penalties.	Under the Scheme Glasgow City Council is required to report its energy use and emissions levels and purchase carbon offset if emissions limits are exceeded on an annual basis. To avoid penalties Glasgow City Council must continue to improve its energy efficiency.
Switched on Scotland: A road map to widespread adoption of plug in vehicles. Developed by Urban Foresight Limited and Transport Scotland 2013		Switched on Scotland sets out the Scottish Government's vision for the near complete decarbonisation of road vehicles by 2050, almost all new vehicles will be zero carbon at the tailpipe by 2040 and by 2030 there will be less than 50% fossil fuelled vehicles in urban Scottish areas. Switched on Scotland identifies five key areas for Scottish Government development: 1. Providing public sector leadership 2. Making strategic investments 3. Promoting incentives 4. Mobilising key stakeholders 5. Outreach and education	Switched on Scotland promotes public sector leadership in relation to the uptake of plug in vehicles. The Government is committed to greening the fleet as far as possible and will, as part of the ongoing vehicle replacement cycle, replace fossil-fuelled vehicles with plug-in vehicles, where appropriate.

Name of Driver	Туре	Summary	Key points for Glasgow City Council
United Nations Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change 5th Assessment Report 2014	Advisory	The United Nations Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) Fifth Assessment Report (AR5) is due to be published in 2014. The AR5 consists of three working groups, the first of whom published their findings on 27th September 2013. Key findings of the working group are: • There is no doubt warming of the climate system is occurring; • Each of the last three decades have been successively warmer; • Over the last two decades Greenland and Antarctic ice sheets have been losing mass, glaciers are shrinking and sea ice cover is decreasing; • The rate of sea level rise has increased; • Atmospheric concentrations of CO <sub>2</sub> , methane and nitrous oxide have increased to unprecedented levels; • There is no doubt humans are influencing the climate system; • It is extremely likely that humans are the dominant cause of the observed climate	
Scotland's Zero Waste Plan 2010	Legislation	The Zero Waste Plan 2010 (the Plan) sets targets for reducing the approximately 20 million	Local Authority progress in relati the targets is recorded by SEPA
		tonnes of waste that go to landfill every year in Scotland. The Plan promotes recycling, reusing and composting as part of achieving its target of 70% of waste recycled and a maximum of 5% going to land fill by 2025.	published in performance report The Plan requires Local Authorit along with other public bodies to ensure the land use planning sy supports the Zero Waste Plan.
The Carbon Metric	Reporting	In concert with the Zero Waste Plan 2010, Scotland is measuring the carbon cost of waste produced. The reports and tools developed as part of this are collectively known as the 'Carbon Metric'. The Carbon Metric sets out an expected carbon reduction of 22% from the 2011 baseline, by 2025. The Carbon Metric covers domestic, industrial and commercial waste, and includes carbon impact across product lifecycles - which includes emissions from outside Scotland.	
The Air Quality Standards (Scotland) 2010	Legislation	The Air Quality Standards (Scotland) 2010 (the Standards) sets out target values for atmospheric pollutants including: Sulphur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide and oxides of nitrogen, particulate matter, lead, benzene and carbon monoxide. The Scottish Ministers are required to ensure the limits placed on the pollutants by the Standards are not exceeded. The Standards include sampling, monitoring and modelling obligations for Government.	
The Environmental Protection Act 1990	Legislation	The Environmental Protection Act 1990 (the Act) gives responsibility to the Environment Agency and Scottish Environment Protection Agency along with the Local Authorities to enforce limits and targets regarding emissions as set by the Secretary of State for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs. The Act empowers SEPA to create a waste strategy for Scotland and gives Local Authorities a duty to collect and/or recycle controlled waste. The Act also defines statutory nuisances and gives the Local Authorities the power to demand remedial action. The act also covers GMOs and creates Nature Conservancy Councils.	Local Authorities have a number of duties under the Act including collecting waste, keeping public spaces litter free, and respondin statutory nuisances.

Name of Driver	Туре	Summary	Key points for Glasgow City Council
The Clean Air Act 1993	Legislation	The Clean Air Act 1993 (the Act) sets standards for furnaces and chimneys to reduce emissions that are potentially detrimental to public health and environmental health. The Act covers domestic, commercial and industrial sources.	The Act obligates Local Authorities to measure emissions. Local Authorities are also granted the power to create smoke control areas, require adaptations of fire places in public and private buildings, and give grants to enable adaptations as they see fit. Local Authorities are also encouraged to investigate air pollution problems and conduct awareness campaigns around air pollution.
Renewable Heat Incentive (RHI) and Feed in Tariff (FIT)	Financial and Regulatory	The Renewable Heat Incentive (RHI) was introduced in 2011 as part of the 2008 Energy Act. The RHI operates on a tariff system where generators of heat from renewable resources receive a payment, the rate of which depends on the heat system used and the scale of generation. The RHI is currently for non-domestic buildings - with roll out to domestic buildings scheduled for 2014. Feed in Tariffs were introduced in 2010 and likewise sit within the 2008 Energy Act. Feed in Tariffs are small fixed payments for renewable energy sources which produce up to 5MW of power. The Tariffs are administered by Ofgem and cover a range of generators - such as domestic solar.	The Carbon Management Plan is key in the council's response to the required reductions and promoting the uptake of renewables.
The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (The Kyoto Protocol)	Regulatory	Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCC) adopted the Kyoto Protocol in 1997, which came into force in 2005. The Protocol sets obligations for countries to reduce emission of greenhouse gases and includes concepts such as emissions trading, implementing new policies, establishing an adaption fund for climate change in developing countries, and monitoring and reporting.	
2009/28 EC (European Union Renewable Energy Directive)	Legislation	The 2009/28 EC (the Directive) was established as part of meeting European Union commitments under the Kyoto Protocol and the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change. The Directive promotes adoption of renewable energies and reduction of greenhouse gases. The Directive mandates 20% of EU energy by 2020 must come from renewable sources and sets individual targets for members; the United Kingdom's target is 15% by 2020.	Glasgow City Council has an obligation under the Act to plan for sustainable, low emission development. The Carbon Management Plan fulfils this.
World Health Organisation Air Quality Guidelines: Global Update 2005	Public Health	The World Health Organisation Air Quality Guidelines (the Guidelines) set targets for air pollutants; specifically: particulate matter, ozone, nitrogen dioxide and sulfur dioxide. The Guidelines encourage sampling, monitoring and mitigation of these air pollutants as high levels have negative impacts for public health.	
United Kingdom Committee on Climate Change	Advisory	The Committee on Climate Change (CCC) was established under the 2008 United Kingdom Climate Change Act and is an independent, statutory body. The CCC provides advice to Government on setting emissions targets and creating policy and plans to meet these.	

Name of Driver	Туре	Summary	Key points for Glasgow City Council
Town and Country Planning Act (Scotland) 1997	Legislation	Section 3F of the Act requires 'A planning authority, in any local development plan prepared by them, must ensure that all new buildings avoid a specified and rising proportion of the projected greenhouse gas emissions from their use, calculated on the basis of the approved design and plans for the specific development, through the installation and operation of low and zero-carbon generating technologies."	Glasgow City Council, as a Local Authority, has an obligation under this Act to plan for sustainable, low emission development.
Carbon Trust's Local Authority Carbon Management Programme	Advisory	Carbon Trust works with the public sector to help public bodies to reduce energy use without impacting on services and become more efficient, while also tackling the urgent need to cut emissions to reduce the risk of damaging climate change.	Glasgow has been participating in the Carbon Trust's Local Authority Carbon Management Programme since 2007.
Conserve and Save: Energy Efficiency Action Plan (Scotland) 2010		The Action Plan sets a number of key actions for the Scottish Government to assist in meeting their energy efficiency targets. Actions include: improve the energy efficiency of the housing stock; establish a single energy and resource efficiency service for Scottish businesses; develop a public sector that leads the way through exemplary energy performance; reduce our transport energy demand; promote infrastructure improvements; and create education/skill development opportunities for people.	
Community Energy Scotland	Reputational	Community Energy Scotland support renewable energy initiatives in communities and help community groups to engage with policy makers. Community Energy Scotland works to build good relationships between Local Authorities and community action groups, promoting co-operation on renewable energy projects.	
Covenant of Mayors	Reputational	The Covenant of Mayors is open to Local Authorities in the European Union who want to make a voluntary commitment to meet and exceed the targets set out under the 2009/28 EC (European Union Renewable Energy Directive). The target relates to the percentage of energy which comes from renewable sources; for the United Kingdom the target is 15% by 2020.	Glasgow City Council ratified the covenant in 2009.
Keep Scotland Beautiful	Reputational	Keep Scotland Beautiful is a charity which works on three main areas: sustainable development education, local environmental quality and sustainability and climate change. Keep Scotland Beautiful co-ordinates the Eco- School campaign and is the leading provider of sustainable development education initiatives in schools. Over 98% of Local Authority schools in Scotland have signed up to the Eco-School campaign.	The enthusiasm for the Eco Schools programme in Glasgow is demonstrated by the very high participation of the city's schools taking part in the Eco Schools Programme. 280 Glasgow Schools are registered with the programme and the campaign is a key part of the Council's commitment to developing a sustainable city.

#### COMMITTEES

Committee	Convenor	Terms of reference
Energy and Carbon Working Group (ECWG)	Councillor Martha Wardrop	
Sustainability and Environment Policy Development Committee (S&E PD Committee)	Brian Devlin	In addition to the general terms of reference for all PD committees, to fulfil the functions of Policy Development (including consideration of equalities issues) as they relate to Council policies, services and activities on sustainability and the environment. These functions include: • transport infrastructure; • highway maintenance and improvements; • sustainability; • climate change; • road safety; • lighting strategy; • parks regeneration and events; • street environment; • waste and recycling; • energy management; • public health; • pollution; • trading standards; • scientific services; • Nuclear Free Zones
Corporate Management Team	Anne Marie O'Donnell	Consists of the Executive Directors of each of the seven Services. The role of the CMT is to ensure that the council meets its statutory duties; is transparent and accountable; and provides best quality services to everyone who lives, works, studies, plays or does business in Glasgow. The CMT makes decisions which steer the council on the best course. It is responsible for promoting the city as a vibrant, innovative, sustainable, modern metropolitan city. The CMT is currently working to the following five key objectives: • Improving the efficiency and effectiveness of our services • Increasing access to lifelong learning
		<ul> <li>Making Glasgow a cleaner, safer city</li> <li>Building a prosperous city</li> <li>Improving health and well being</li> </ul>
Carbon Management Board	Brian Devlin, Executive Director of LES	<ul> <li>Membership: Senior Managers (Grade 10 and above) from each of the Council's core services and ALEOs.</li> <li>Functions of the Carbon Management Board: <ol> <li>To review the output of the Carbon Management Working Group.</li> <li>To review and monitor the development of and compliance with the Council's Carbon Management Programme.</li> <li>To review the carbon emissions relative to the targets set out in the Carbon Management Plan.</li> <li>Identify resource efficiency programmes, including waste minimisation and develop a business case for resource efficiency as appropriate.</li> <li>To make recommendations and bring forward plans and escalate concerns, as appropriate, to the Corporate Management Team.</li> <li>To report to the Sustainability &amp; Environment Policy Development Committee annually.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
Carbon Management Working Group (CMWG)	Alastair Brown	The CMWG reports to the Carbon Management Board. CMWG implements actions and new initiatives within GCC, in relation to energy efficiency and carbon management

Committee	Convenor	Terms of reference
Senior Officers Group	Alastair Brown	Membership:
on Sustainability and the		Nominated Officers from all Glasgow City Council Services and ALEOs
Environment		
		General Remit
		1. To support the Sustainability and Environment Policy Development
		Committee in discharging the following general functions:
		<ul> <li>To examine, on behalf of the Council, various policies, strategies and plans in draft relating to the subject area (whether provided directly by the Council, external</li> </ul>
		organisations or partnerships) and reporting on these to the Executive Committee.
		• To undertake reviews or policy development tasks in relation to any matters falling within the remit of this Committee or as requested by the Executive Committee.
		2. To support the Sustainability and Environment Policy Development Committee in fulfilling the functions of Policy Development as they relate specifically to Council policies, services and activities on sustainability and the environment (excluding functions supported by the Carbon Management and Resource Efficiency Board, i.e. on carbon management and reduction within the GCC "family"). This includes:
		Sustainable Development
		Climate Change – adaptation and mitigation
		Sustainable Procurement
		Natural Environment
		Cultural Heritage
		Air Quality
		Planning and the Built Environment
		Specific Remit
		<ul> <li>Monitor, assess and provide feedback on the Climate Change Strategy and Action Plan.</li> </ul>
		Oversee and authorise allocation of the Sustainability Innovation Fund.
		Receive feedback from/provide support to GCC-wide action on the 2014 Commonwealth Games Environmental Legacy.
		Receive feedback from/provide support to GCC-wide action     on the 2015 European Green Capital application.

#### **APPENDIX 2** BUILDING ASSET LIST

LOCATION	ADDRESS	POSTCODE
1 BROOMLOAN PLACE	1 BROOMLOAN PLACE	G51 2RX
100 BRAND STREET	100 Brand Street	G51 1DH
115-117 QUEEN MARGARET DR FLAT 1	100 Brand Street	G20 8PB
115-117 QUEEN MARGARET DR FLAT 1	FLAT 2	G20 8PB
115-117 QUEEN MARGARET DR FLAT 1	FLAT 3	G20 8PB
115-117 QUEEN MARGARET DR FLAT 1	FLAT 4	G20 8PB
115-117 QUEEN MARGARET DR FLAT 1	FLAT 5	G20 8PB
115-117 QUEEN MARGARET DR FLAT 1	FLAT 6	G20 8PB
115-117 QUEEN MARGARET DR FLAT 1	FLAT 7	G20 8PB
115-117 QUEEN MARGARET DR FLAT 1	FLAT 8	G20 8PB
115-117 QUEEN MARGARET DR FLAT 1	FLAT 9	G20 8PB
115-117 QUEEN MARGARET DR FLAT 1	FLAT 10	G20 8PB
121 LANGLANDS ROAD	121 LANGLANDS ROAD	G51 3TL
1403 GALLOWGATE	1403 GALLOWGATE	G31 4EU
15 GLENTANAR ROAD	15 Glentanar Road	G22 7XS
150 BRAND STREET	150 Brand Street	G51 1DH
18 ALBION STREET	18 Albion Street	G1 1DB
19 NETHAN STREET	19 NETHAN STREET	G51 3LX
192 McNEIL STREET	192 McNeil Street	G5 0NZ
2 TONTINE LANE 5TH FLOOR LIFTS	5th Floor Lift	G1 5EY
2 TONTINE LANE G/F	Ground Floor	G1 5EY
20 BALDINNIE ROAD	20 BALDINNIE ROAD	G34 9EP
20 ORKNEY STREET	20 Orkney Street	G51 2BX
20 TONTINE LANE - WORKSHOP	Venture Workshop Base	G1 5EX
20 TRONGATE - 3L	3L (Dars 9)	G1 5ES
20 TRONGATE - FLAT 4/1	Flat 4 / 1 (Dars 5)	G1 5ES
20 TRONGATE - L/L SUPPLY	L/L Supply	G1 5ES
20 TRONGATE AT TONTINE LANE	20 Trongate	G1 1LX
2060 POLLOKSHAWS ROAD	2060 Pollokshaws Road	G41 3YF
211 BLOCHAIRN ROAD - MATERIALS RECYCLING FACILITY	211 Blochairn Road	G21 2RL
220 HIGH STREET	220 HIGH STREET	G4 0UP
23 MONTROSE STREET	23 Montrose Street	G1 1RN
231 GEORGE STREET	231 George Street	G1 1QX
29 HIGH STREET	29 High Street	G1 1PN
3 AVENUE STREET - IND UNIT	3 Avenue Street	G40 3SA
30 ARDLAW STRRET	30 ARDLAW STREET	G51 3RR
30 BELL STREET - 6/1	6/1	G1 1LG
32-34 ALBION STREET - 1st FLOOR	1st Floor Social Work Department	G1 1LH
33 TUREEN ST BLOCK C	BLOCK C	G40 2HG
34/46 TRONGATE	34 Trongate	G1 500
342 ASHGILL ROAD	342 ASHGILL ROAD	G22 7HW
35 ARNGASK ROAD	35 ARNGASK ROAD	G51 4TR
357 DUMBARTON RD	357 DUMBARTON ROAD	G11 6AL
37 HIGH STREET - 3L	3L (Dars 7)	G1 1HJ
37 HIGH STREET - 3R	3R (Dars 11)	G1 1LX
37 High Street - 5 Up	5 Up	G1 1LX
37 High Street - Base 2	Base - 2	G1 1LX
37 High Street - Ground Floor	Ground Floor	G1 1LX
391-393 NITSHILL ROAD	391-393 NITSHILL ROAD	G53 7BN
393 NITSHILL ROAD	393 NITSHILL ROAD	G53 7BN
40 LOCHDOCARTS ROAD - LANDLORD LIGHTING	40 Lochdocharts Road	G34 0PU
48 ALBION ST BASE (LANDLORDS SUPPLY)	Landlords Supply (Base)	G1 1LH
48 Barnton Street	48 Barnton Street	G32 6HW
50 CATHEDRAL SQ - FLOODLIGHTING SUPPLY	50 CATHEDRAL SQUARE	G4 0UZ
514 VICTORIA ROAD	514 VICTORIA ROAD	G42 8BG
53 HAGGS ROAD	53 HAGGS ROAD	G41 4AP
78-80 TOLLCROSS ROAD	78-80 TOLLCROSS ROAD	G31 4XA

LOCATION	ADDRESS	POSTCODE
88 BELL STREET	88 Bell Street	G1 1LQ
88 BELL STREET - 1	1	G1 1LQ
94 DUKE STREET	94 DUKE STREET	G4 0UW
ABERCORN SECONDARY SCHOOL	195 Garscube Road	G4 9QH
ADELPHI NURSERY SCHOOL	40 Waddell Court	G5 0QA
AIR QUALITY MONITORING UNIT IBROX LIBRARY	1-7 MIDLOCK STREET	G51 1SL
AIR QUALITY UNIT ABERCROMBIE ST	1-7 MIDLOCK STREET	
AIR QUALITY UNIT BROOMHILL	BROOMHILLST/CLARENCE DR	G11 7JZ
AIR QUALITY UNIT BURGHER ST	BURGHER STREET	G31 4TB
AIR QUALITY UNIT NITHSDALE RD	POLLOKSHAWS RD	
AIRTH DRIVE CHILDRENS UNIT	49/53 Airth Drive	G52 1JU
ALARM RECEIVING CENTRE	71-73 Tradeston Street	G5 8BL
ALEXANDRA GOLF AND BOWLING	Sannox Gardens	G31 8SE
ALEXANDRA PARADE PRIMARY SCHOOL	136 Armadale Street	G31 2TL
ALEXANDRA PARK	77 Sannox Gardens	G31 3JE
ALL SAINTS SECONDARY SCHOOL (NEW)	299 Ryehill Road	G21 3EN
ALLERDYCE DRIVE - YARD LIGHTING	ALLERDYCE DRIVE	G15 6RY
	2 Dart Street	G3 8YJ G3 8HY
ANDERSTON PRIMARY SCHOOL	3 Port Street	
ANNETTE STREET PRIMARY SCHOOL	27 Annette Street	G42 8YB
Annfield Place - Festive Ligthing	Festive Lighting	G31 1AA
	UNIT 48	G32 0HS
ANNIESLAND LIBRARY	833 Crow Road	G13 1LE
ANNIESLAND REVENUES AND BENEFITS CENTRE	841 Crow Road	G13 1YT
ANTONINE PRIMARY SCHOOL (NEW)	4 Abbotshall Avenue	G15 8PR
ARCHERHILL ROAD VETERANS SHELTER	ARCHERHILL ROAD	G13 3NR
Ardlaw Street Nursery School	30 Ardlaw Street	G51 3RR
ARDNAHOE NURSERY SCHOOL	18 Ardnahoe Place	
AREA SERVICES GOVAN - ROWAN PARK	5 Ardlaw Street	G51 3RR
ARGYLE STREET TOILETS	70-76 Argyle Street	G2 8AG
ASHCRAIG SECONDARY SCHOOL	100 Avenue End Road	G33 3SW
ASHGROVE CENTRE	HALLHILL ROAD	G32 0PD
ASHPARK PRIMARY SCHOOL	75 Kyleakin Road	G46 8DQ
ATHLETES VILLAGE - ENERGY CENTRE	SPRINGFIELD ROAD	G40 3HS
AULTMORE PARK PRIMARY SCHOOL	48 Newhills Road	G33 4HH
AVENUE END PRIMARY SCHOOL	290 MOSSVALE ROAD	G33 5NY
<b>BAILLIESTON DISTRIBUTION CENTRE (UNIT 2)</b>	Unit 2	Unit 2
BAILLIESTON DISTRIBUTION CENTRE (UNITS 17-20)	Units 17-20	G69 6UL
BAILLIESTON DISTRIBUTION CENTRE (UNITS 21-22)	Units 21-22	G69 6UL
BAILLIESTON LIBRARY	141 Main Street	G69 6AA
BALGRAYHILL TENANTS HALL	139 Balgrayhill Road	G21 3AF
BALMORE ROAD	20 Balmore Road	G21 6RN
BALORNOCK HOUSE HOME FOR THE ELDERLY	56 Wallacewell Quadrant	G21 3PX
BALORNOCK PRIMARY SCHOOL	422 Broomfield Road	G21 3UT
BALSHAGRAY CRES UNDERPASS	BALSHAGRAY CRESCENT UNDERPASS	
BALSHAGRAY DRIVE UNDERPASS	Victoria Park Drive South	G11 7DD
BANKHEAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	66 Caldwell Avenue	G13 3AS
BANNERMAN HIGH SCHOOL	Glasgow Road	G69 7NS
BARDOWIE CARE HOME	BARDOWIE STREET	G22 5DY
BARLANARK COMMUNITY CENTRE	33 Burnmouth Road	G33 4SA
BARLIA SPORTS CENTRE	60 Glenwood Path	G45 9UD
BARMULLOCH COMMUNITY CENTRE	46 Wallacewell Quadrant	G21 3PX
BARMULLOCH LIBRARY	46 Wallacewell Quadrant	G21 3PX
BARMULLOCH PRIMARY SCHOOL - NEW	305 Forge Street	G21 8AH
BASE 75	75 Robertson Street	G2 8QD
BATTLEFIELD COURT DAY CENTRE	17 Cathkinview Place	G42 9ER
BATTLEFIELD COURT DAT CENTRE	44 Carmichael Place	G42 9ER G42 9SY
BELHAVEN NURSERY SCHOOL	54 Kelvinside Avenue	G20 6PY
BELLAHOUSTON ACADEMY SCHOOL	30 Gower Terrace	G41 5QE
BELLAHOUSTON ACADEMY SCHOOL BELLAHOUSTON LEISURE CENTRE		
	31 Bellahouston Drive	G52 1HH
BELLAHOUSTON NURSERY OFFICE	36 Dumbreck Road	G41 5BW

LOCATION	ADDRESS	POSTCODE
BELLAHOUSTON PARK BOWLING	Bellahouston Park	G52 1DP
BELLAHOUSTON PARK GLASSHOUSE	36 Dumbreck Road	G52 1EQ
BELLCRAIG COMMUNITY CENTRE	30 GOWER TERRACE	G41 5QE
BELLCRAIG COMMUNITY CENTRE	10 Gorstan Street	G23 5QA
BENVIEW CAMPUS STREET LIGHTS	SLCP METER OPPOSITE	G20 9JN
BERRYKNOWES RESOURCE CENTRE	14 HALLRULE DRIVE	G52 2HH
BERRYKNOWES RESOURCE CENTRE FLAT	14 Hallrule Drive	G52 2HH
BLACK AND ETHNIC MINORITY CENTRE	39 NAPIERSHALL STREET	G20 6EX
BLACKFRIARS PRIMARY SCHOOL	310 CUMBERLAND STREET	G5 0SS
BLAIR COURT	100 BORRON STREET	G4 9XE
BLAIRDARDIE FOOTBALL PAVILION	479 BLAIRDARDIE ROAD	G15 6JP
BLAIRDARDIE PRIMARY SCHOOL	78 KEARN AVENUE	G15 6HL
BLAIRVADACH OUTDOOR CENTRE	RHU	G84 8NN
BLUEVALE COMMUNITY CENTRE	30 ABERNETHY STREET	G31 3SZ
BONNYBROOM NURSERY SCHOOL	233 PETERSHILL DRIVE	G21 4QJ
BOTANIC GARDENS/KIBBLE PALACE	730 GREAT WESTERN ROAD	G12 0UE
Braidfauld Children's Home	18 Dalness close	G32 7RH
BRASSEY ST IRRIGATION PUMP	Brassey St Irrigation Pump	G20 1AA
BRIDGETON FAMILY LEARNING CENTRE	106 ORR STREET	G40 2QF
BROOMFIELD CHILDREN'S UNIT	14 BROOMFIELD CRES	G21 3HA
BROOMHILL PRIMARY SCHOOL	57 EDGEHILL ROAD	G11 7HZ
BROOMHILL PRIMARY SCHOOL ANNEXE	67 RANDOLPH ROAD	G11 7EE
BUCHLYVIE NURSERY SCHOOL	45 ABERDALGIE ROAD	G34 9HX
BUDHILL DAY CENTRE	11B THREESTONEHILL AVENUE	G32 0LX
BUDHILL FAMILY LEARNING CENTRE	HALLHILL ROAD	G32 0PR
BURGHEAD DRIVE UNDERPASS	BURGHEAD DR UNDERPASS	
BURNBANK HOUSE HOME FOR THE ELDERLY	25 BURNBANK GARDENS	G20 6HD
BURRELL COLLECTION	2060 POLLOKSHAWS ROAD	G43 1AT
CADDER PRIMARY SCHOOL	60 HERMA STREET	G23 5AR
25 DOUGLAS STREET	25 DOUGLAS STREET	G2 4EZ
CAIRNBROOK INDUSTRIAL ESTATE YARD LIGHTING	Cairnbrook Industrial Estate	G34 0NZ
CAIRNBROOK ROAD	Cairnbrook Road	G34 0NZ
CALDERCUILT PRIMARY SCHOOL	101 INVERSHIEL ROAD	G23 5NR
CALEDONIA CHURCH	Floodlighting	G5 9XA
CALEDONIA PRIMARY SCHOOL		G69 7DJ
CAMBRIDGE STREET CAR PARK	89 CAMBRIDGE STREET	G3 6RU
CAMSTRADDEN PRIMARY SCHOOL	10 BANKGLEN ROAD	G15 7LG
CARDINAL WINNING PRIMARY SCHOOL	30 FULLARTON AVENUE	G32 8NJ
	547 MOSSPARK BOULEVARD	G52 1JL
CARDONALD LIBRARY CARDONALD PRIMARY SCHOOL	1113 MOSSPARK DRIVE	G52 3BU G52 3HD
CARETAKER'S FLAT	1 ANGUS OVAL 10 Northinch Court	G14 0UG
CARLTON RESOURCE CENTRE	1-7 COBURG STREET	G5 9JF
CARMICHAEL HOUSE HOME FOR THE ELDERLY	39 LANDRESSY PLACE	G40 1HL
CARMYLE NURSERY SCHOOL	158 WATERSIDE ROAD	G32 8AG
CARMYLE PRIMARY SCHOOL	HILLCREST ROAD	G32 8AG
CARNTYNE PRIMARY SCHOOL	38-62 LIBERTON STREET	G33 2HF
CARTVALE SCHOOL	3 BURNDYKE COURT	G51 2BG
CASTLEMILK COMMUNITY CENTRE	121 CASTLEMILK DRIVE	G45 9UG
CASTLEMILK DAY NURSERY SCHOOL	8 BARLIA STREET	G45 0NT
CASTLEMILK HIGH SCHOOL	223 CASTLEMILK DRIVE	G45 9JY
CASTLEMILK LIBRARY	100 CASTLEMILK DRIVE	G45 9TN
CASTLEMILK POOL	137 CASTLEMILK DRIVE	G45 9UG
CASTLEMILK SPORTS CENTRE	10 DOUGRIE ROAD	G45 9NF
CASTLETON PRIMARY SCHOOL	70 DOUGRIE ROAD	G45 9NW
CATHCART OLD PARISH CEMETERY	Kilmailing Road	G44 5UU
CATHCART SERVICE CENTRE	34 GREENHOLME STREET	G44 4DU
CATHEDRAL STREET TOILETS	CATHEDRAL STREET	G4 0XA
CATHKIN LANDFILL SITE	CAIRNMUIR ROAD	G73 5RE
CENTENARY HOUSE	100 MORRISON STREET	G5 8LN
CENTRE FOR SENSORY IMPAIRED	17 GULLANE STREET	G11 6AH

LOCATION	ADDRESS	POSTCODE
CERIUM	Douglas Street	G2 4EZ
CHAPLET AVENUE CHILDRENS HOME	81-83 CHAPLET AVENUE	G13 3XU
CHARING CROSS CAR PARK	10 ELMBANK CRESCENT	G2 4PR
CHIRNSYDE PRIMARY SCHOOL	288 ASHGILL ROAD	G22 7SB
CITY BUILDING CANTEEN	350 DARNICK STREET	G21 4BA
CITY CHAMBERS	GEORGE SQUARE	G1 1DU
CITY HALLS - CANDLERIGGS	84-100 ALBION STREET	G1 1NQ
CITY MARKETS OFFICE & CUTTING ROOM	ROOMS 22 AND 23	G21 2DU
CITY PARK DATA CENTRE	368 ALEXANDRA PARADE	G31 3AU
CLEEVES PRIMARY SCHOOL	271 HOUSEHILLMUIR ROAD	G53 6NL
CLEVEDEN HIGH SCHOOL	42 CLEVEDEN ROAD	G12 0JW
CLOAN AVE NURSERY	45 CLOAN AVENUE	G15 6DE
CLOVERBANK NURSERY SCHOOL	193 MORAINE AVENUE	G15 6LG
CLYDE PLACE ASSESSMENT CENTRE	38 CLYDE PLACE	G5 8AQ
CLYDE TUNNEL	959 DUMBARTON ROAD	G14 9UF
CLYDE TUNNEL OFFICE	959 DUMBARTON ROAD	G14 9UF
CLYDE WEIR	4 ADELPHI STREET	G5 0YL
COMMUNITY CASEWORK FACILITY - GOVAN/GOVANHILL	1st Floor	G5 0RE
CONCERT SQUARE CAR PARK	90 COWCADDENS ROAD	G4 OLU
CONTROL PILLAR DP1	NEAR 421 POLMADIE RD	
CONTROL PILLAR DP2	NEAR 421 POLMADIE RD	
COOK FREEZE UNIT	74 BLACK STREET	G4 0EF
CORKERHILL DAY CENTRE	11 CORKERHILL PLACE	G52 1RU
CORNWALL STREET	CORNWALL STREET	G41 1AA
CORKERHILL DAY CENTRE	11 CORKERHILL PLACE	G52 1RU
CORNWALL STREET	CORNWALL STREET	G41 1AA
CORPUS CHRISTI PRIMARY SCHOOL	179 PIKEMAN ROAD	G13 3BH
COUPER INSTITUTE HALL	86 CLARKSTON ROAD	G44 3DA
COUPER INSTITUTE LIBRARY	84 CLARKSTON ROAD	G44 3DA
COWCADDENS NURSERY SCHOOL	12 MANRESSA PLACE	G4 9SZ
CRAIGBANK NURSERY SCHOOL	26 GLENLORA DRIVE	G53 6BH
CRAIGTON PRIMARY SCHOOL	9 MORVEN STREET	G52 1AL
CRANHILL BEACON	200 BELLROCK STREET	G33 3LZ
CRANHILL PRIMARY SCHOOL	17 SKERRYVORE ROAD	G33 3HJ
CRANSTONHILL NURSERY SCHOOL	3 LITTLE STREET	G3 8DQ
CRAWFORD STREET FAMILY UNIT	31 CRAWFORD STREET	G11 6TT
CROFTFOOT PRIMARY SCHOOL	114 CROFTHILL ROAD	G44 5QQ
CROOKSTON CASTLE PRIMARY SCHOOL	GLENSIDE AVENUE	G53 5SD
CROOKSTON NURSERY SCHOOL	GLENSIDE AVENUE	G53 5SD
CROSSMYLOOF RESIDENTIAL CENTRE	80 TITWOOD ROAD	G41 2DD
CROWNPOINT BOTHY	195 CROWNPOINT ROAD	G40 2AL
CROWNPOINT PLAYING FIELDS	FORBES ST/CUBIE STREET	G40 2AF
CROWNPOINT SPORTS COMPLEX	183 CROWNPOINT ROAD	G40 2AL
CUTHBERTSON STREET PRIMARY SCHOOL	35 CUTHBERTSON STREET	G42 7RJ
		G71 7RU
DALDOWIE GARDEN/TRAINING CENTRE	5 HAMILTON ROAD	G71 7SN
DALMARNOCK PRIMARY SCHOOL	111 BALTIC STREET	G40 3PG
DARNICK STREET RESOURCE CENTRE	350 DARNICK STREET	G21 4BA
DARNICK STREET SERVICE CENTRE	350 DARNICK STREET	G21 4BA
DARNLEY COMMUNITY CENTRE DARNLEY PRIMARY SCHOOL	10 GLEN LIVET PLACE	G53 7LA G53 7HT
DAVIELAND COURT UNIT 3	169 GLEN MORISTON ROAD	G51 2JR
DAVIELAND COURT UNIT 3 DAVISLEA HOUSE HOME FOR THE ELDERLY	UNIT 3 100 MALLAIG ROAD	G51 2JR G51 4PE
DAVISLEA HOUSE HOME FOR THE ELDERLY	75 DALSHOLM ROAD	G20 0TB
DEANPARK NURSERY SCHOOL	10 DEANSTON DRIVE	G41 3AE
DEANPARK NURSERY SCHOOL DENNISTOUN LIBRARY	2 CRAIGPARK	G31 2NA
DONALD DEWAR LEISURE CENTRE	220 GARSCADDEN ROAD	G15 8SX
DOULTON FOUNTAIN	Glasgow Green	G40 1AT
DRAKEMIRE BUSINESS PARK	179 Drakemire Drive	G45 9SS
DRAKEMIRE BUSINESS PARK	179 Drakemire Drive	G45 955
DRUMCHAPEL BOWLS	HOWGATE AVENUE	G15 8QN
	THOMOATEAVENUE	

LOCATION	ADDRESS	POSTCODE
DRUMCHAPEL COMMUNITY CENTRE	320 KINFAUNS DRIVE	G15 7HA
DRUMCHAPEL HIGH SCHOOL	45 CALLY AVENUE	G15 7SQ
DRUMCHAPEL LIBRARY	65 HECLA AVENUE	G15 8LX
DRUMCHAPEL POOL	197 DRUMRY ROAD EAST	G15 8NS
DRUMMORE PRIMARY SCHOOL	129 DRUMMORE ROAD	G15 7NH
DRUMRY HOUSE HOME FOR THE ELDERLY	40 KINFAUNS DRIVE	G15 7TS
DRYNOCH PLACE - YARD LIGHTING	DRYNOCH PLACE	G22 7QQ
DUKE STREET CAR PARK	COLLEGELANDS	G4 0UG
DUNARD PRIMARY SCHOOL	65 DUNARD STREET	G20 6RL
EAST AREA SERVICES TEAM - NEWLANDS CENTRE	871 SPRINGFIELD ROAD	G31 4HZ
EASTBANK ACADEMY ANNEXE	26 ACADEMY STREET	G32 9AA
EASTBANK ACADEMY SCHOOL	26 ACADEMY STREET	G32 9AA
EASTBANK PRIMARY SCHOOL	80 GARTOCHER ROAD	G32 0HA
EASTER QUEENSLIE DEPOT	90 EASTER QUEENSLIE ROAD	G33 4UL
EASTERHOUSE CULTURAL CAMPUS	5 BOGBAIN ROAD	G34 9DU
EASTERHOUSE SPORTS CENTRE	47 AUCHINLEA ROAD	G34 9PR
EASTERN DEPOT	400 BALTIC STREET	G40 4SF
EASTGATE	727 LONDON ROAD	G40 3AQ
EASTMUIR PRIMARY SCHOOL	211 HALLHILL ROAD	G33 4QL
EASTWOOD NURSERY SCHOOL	16 BONNYRIGG DRIVE	G43 1HW
ELBA LANE NURSERY SCHOOL	1346 GALLOWGATE	G31 4DJ
ELDER PARK BOATHOUSE	Govan Road	G51 4AA
ELDER PARK LIBRARY	228A Langlands Road	G51 3TZ
ELDER STREET RESETTLEMENT PROJECT	55 ELDER STREET	G51 3PX
ELMCROFT NURSERY SCHOOL	40 CROFTCROIGHN ROAD	G33 3SE
ELMVALE PRIMARY SCHOOL	712 HAWTHORN STREET	G22 6ED
EMIRATES SPORTS ARENA	1000 LONDON ROAD	G40 3HY
EXCHANGE HOUSE	229 GEORGE STREET	G1 1QU
FAIRFIELD HOUSE	FAIRFIELD HOUSE	G51 2JR
FAMILY CONTACT SERVICE	53 MOSS-SIDE ROAD	G41 3TP
FAMILY SUPPORT GROUP	1st FLOOR	G40 2BN
FAMILY SUPPORT GROUP - 229 ORR STREET	229 ORR STREET	G40 2BN
FAMILY SUPPORT GROUP - LADYLOAN	11 LADYLOAN AVENUE	G15 8LE
		G15 8HU
FERGUSON ANDERSON HOUSE HOME FOR THE ELDERLY	66 CALDERCUILT ROAD	G20 0AL
FESTIVAL BUSINESS CENTRE	150 BRAND STREET	G51 1DH
FESTIVAL BUSINESS CENTRE F10	150 BRAND STREET	G51 1DH
FESTIVAL BUSINESS CENTRE F12 FESTIVAL BUSINESS CENTRE F13	150 BRAND STREET	G51 1DH
FESTIVAL BUSINESS CENTRE F13	150 BRAND STREET	G51 1DH G51 1DH
FESTIVAL BUSINESS CENTRE F17	150 BRAND STREET	G51 1DH
FESTIVAL BUSINESS CENTRE F25A	150 BRAND STREET	G51 1DH
FESTIVAL BUSINESS CENTRE F&	150 BRAND STREET	G51 1DH
FESTIVAL BUSINESS CENTRE -TBC	150 BRAND STREET	G51 1DH
FESTIVAL PARK NURSERY SCHOOL	66 LORNE STREET	G51 1DP
FESTIVAL PARK NORSERT SCHOOL	PACIFIC QUAY, GOVAN ROAD	G51 2AS
Festive Lighting	George Square	G2 1DU
FISH MARKET OFFICE 34	OFFICE 34	G21 2DX
FISH MARKET OFFICE L/LORDS SUPPLY	130 BLOCHAIRN ROAD	G21 2DX
FISH MARKET OFFICES 7, 8 & 9	OFFICES 7,8 & 9 CLEANERS BOTHY	G21 2DU
FLOODLIGHTING AT PIRIE PARK PRIMARY	337 LANGLANDS ROAD	G51 4AW
FOCAL POINT DAY CENTRE	195E DRUMRY ROAD	G15 8NS
FORFAR AVENUE HOME FOR THE ELDERLY	60 FORFAR AVENUE	G52 3JF
FORGE STREET DAY CENTRE	261 FORGE STREET	G21 2AR
FORTROSE NURSERY SCHOOL	74 PEEL STREET	G11 5LR
Fossil Grove	12 VICTORIA PARK NORTH	G14 9NN
FOUNTAIN AND CHEMICAL PORTACABIN	94 SANNOX GARDENS	G31 3JE
FRUIT MARKET COMPACTOR UNIT	BLOCHAIRN ROAD	G21 2DU
FRUIT MARKET LANDLORDS SUPPLY	BLOCHAIRN ROAD	G21 2EP
FRUIT MARKET OFFICE	BLOCHAIRN ROAD	G21 2EP
FULTON LODGE HOME FOR THE ELDERLY	68 ABBEYCRAIG ROAD	G34 0DN

LOCATION	ADDRESS	POSTCODE
GADBURN PRIMARY SCHOOL	70 ROCKFIELD ROAD	G21 3DZ
GALLERY OF MODERN ART	111 QUEEN STREET	G1 3AZ
GARNETBANK PRIMARY SCHOOL	231 RENFREW STREET	G3 6TX
GARROWHILL COMMUNITY HALL	31 MAXWELL DRIVE	G69 6LU
GARROWHILL PRIMARY SCHOOL	SPRINGHALL ROAD	G69 6PP
GARSCADDEN DEPOT	85 CHAPLET AVENUE	G13 3XP
GARSCADDEN HOUSE	GARSCADDEN HOUSE	G15 8TG
GARSCADDEN PRIMARY SCHOOL	15-19 HURLFORD AVENUE	G13 4AY
GARTCRAIG ROAD DEPOT	201 GARTCRAIG ROAD	G33 2SN
GEOFF SHAW COMMUNITY CENTRE	25 KERRYLAMONT AVENUE	G42 0DN
GEORGE SQUARE	GEORGE SQUARE	G2 1DU
GEORGE STREET REVENUES AND BENEFITS OFFICE	280 GEORGE STREET	G1 1PR
GLASGOW GAELIC SCHOOL	147 BERKLEY STREET	G3 7HP
GLASGOW GREEN - THE HOUSE	Glasgow Green	G40 1BA
GLASGOW GREEN CHILDRENS PLAY AREA	Templeton Street	G40 1BA
GLASGOW GREEN DEPOT	50 GREENDYKE STREET	G1 5DB
GLASGOW GREEN FOOTBALL CENTRE	28 KINGS DRIVE	G40 1HB
GLASGOW MUSEUM RESOURCE CENTRE	200 WOODHEAD ROAD	G53 7NN
GLASGOW NATIONAL HOCKEY CENTRE	8 KINGS DRIVE	G40 1HB
GLASGOW ROYAL CONCERT HALL	2 SAUCHIEHALL STREET	G2 3NY
GLASGOW SCHOOLS ROWING CLUB	GLASGOW GREEN	G1 5BA
GLENDALE PRIMARY SCHOOL	120 MCCULLOCH STREET	G41 1NX
Glenwood Business Park - Unit 8D	70 Glenwood Place	G45 9UH
GLENWOOD BUSINESS PARK B	45 Glenwood Place	G45 9UH
GLENWOOD BUSINESS PARK C	65 Glenwood Place	G45 9UH
GLENWOOD BUSINESS PARK E	Glenwood Business Park E	G45 9UH
GLENWOOD BUSINESS PARK F	30 Glenwood Place	G45 9UH
GLENWOOD BUSINESS PARK F4	GLENWOOD BUSINESS PARK F4	Unit F4
GLENWOOD DAY CENTRE	160 CASTLEMILK DRIVE	G45 9UE
GORBALS LEISURE CENTRE	275 BALLATER STREET	G5 0YP
GORBALS LIBRARY	180 CROWN STREET	G5 9ZR
GOVAN HIGH SCHOOL	12 ARDNISH STREET	G51 4NB
GOVAN POLICE STATION	18-20 ORKNEY STREET	G51 2BZ
GOVAN REVENUES AND BENEFITS OFFICE	780 GOVAN ROAD	G51 2YL
GOVANHILL LIBRARY	170 LANGSIDE ROAD	G42 7JU
GOVANHILL NEIGHBOURHOOD CENTRE	8 DAISY STREET	G42 8JL
GOVANHILL NURSERY SCHOOL	335 ALLISON STREET	G42 8HH
GOWANBANK PRIMARY SCHOOL	20 OVERTOWN AVENUE	G53 6JB
GRAY STREET CHILDRENS UNIT	30 GRAY STREET	G3 7TY
GREATER POLLOK AREA TEAM - POLLOK	130 LANGTON ROAD	G53 5DD
GREENFIELD DEPOT	ESKBANK STREET	G32 6TP
GREENFIELD DEPOT (Romney Shed)	Eskbank Street	G32 011
GREENFIELD PARK FOOTBALL	127 DUROR STREET	G32 6TP
GREENVIEW PRIMARY SCHOOL	165 GLENHEAD STREET	G22 6DJ
HAGHILL PARK PRIMARY SCHOOL	415 CUMBERNAULD ROAD	G22 6D3
HAGHILL PARK PRIMARY SCHOOL	4TH FLOOR	G1 1NP
HAMILTONHILL FAMILY LEARNING CENTRE	115 ELLESMERE STREET	G22 5QT
HAMIETONNIEL FAMIET LEARNING CENTRE	180 CENTRE STREET	G5 8EE
HAMPDEN PARK AND RIDE	BUS SHELTER AT HAMPDEN STATION	G42 0NA
HAMPDEN PRIMARY SCHOOL	80 ARDNAHOE AVENUE	G42 0NA
HAMPDEN SCHOOL	30 LOGAN STREET	G5 0HP
HAMPDEN SCHOOL HAWTHORN STREET - WOMANS ASSESSMENT CENTRE	HAWTHORN STREET	G22 6EN
HAZELWOOD SCHOOL	50 DUMBRECK COURT	G22 6EN G41 5NJ
HAZELWOOD SCHOOL HELENSLEA NURSERY SCHOOL	36 METHVEN STREET	G31 4RB
HELENVALE CHILDRENS HOME	51 HELENVALE STREET	G31 4RB
HIGH CRAIGHALL BUSINESS CENTRE	Craighall House	G4 9UD
		G1 1PQ
		G20 9NY
		G12 8LJ
	348 BYRES ROAD	G12 8AP
HILLHEAD PRIMARY SCHOOL	110 OTAGO STREET	G12 8NS

LOCATION	ADDRESS	POSTCODE
HILLINGTON PRIMARY SCHOOL	227 HARTLAW CRESCENT	G52 2JL
HILLPARK SECONDARY SCHOOL	36 CAIRNGORM ROAD	G43 2XA
HILLS TRUST	NETHAN STREET	G51 3LY
HOLLYBROOK SECONDARY SCHOOL	135 HOLLYBROOK STREET	G42 7HU
HOLLY CROSS PRIMARY SCHOOL	316 CALDER STREET	G42 7NH
HOLYROOD SECONDARY SCHOOL	100 DIXON ROAD	G42 8AU
HOLYROOD SPORTS CENTRE	600 AIKENHEAD ROAD	G42 0PD
HOMELESS PERSONS TEAM	31 STOCKWELL STREET	G1 4SF
Househill Depot	1514 Barrhead Road	G53 7TW
HOWFORD PRIMARY SCHOOL	487 CROOKSTON ROAD	G53 7TX
HYNDLAND PRIMARY SCHOOL	44 FORTROSE STREET	G11 5LP
HYNDLAND SECONDARY SCHOOL	9 LAUDERDALE GARDENS	G12 9RQ
IBROX BUSINESS PARK	UNIT 5	G51 2XX
IBROX COMPLEX	80 HINSHELWOOD ROAD	G51 2XP
IBROX LIBRARY	1-7 MIDLOCK STREET	G51 1SL
IBROX PRIMARY SCHOOL	46 HINSHELWOOD DRIVE	G51 2XP
INTENSIVE COMMUNITY SUPPORT UNIT - SOUTH	136 STANLEY STREET	G41 1JH
JAMES MCLEAN PROJECT	10 OATFIELD STREET	G21 4NT
JOHN PAUL ACADEMY SCHOOL	2 ARROCHAR STREET	G23 5LY
JOHN PAUL II PRIMARY SCHOOL (NEW)	29 DUNAGOIL ROAD	G45 9UR
KELBOURNE PARK SCHOOL	109 HOTSPUR STREET	G20 8LH
KELBOURNE PRIMARY SCHOOL	109 HOTSPUR STREET	G20 8LG
KELVIN HALL ISA	ARGYLE STREET	G3 8AW
KELVIN WAY PUBLIC TOILETS	KELVINGROVE PARK	G11 6
KELVINDALE PRIMARY SCHOOL	11 Dorchester Place	G12 0BP
KELVINDALE PRIMARY SCHOOL	ARGYLE STREET	G3 6BY
Kelvingrove Bandstand	Kelvingrove Park	G3 6BY
KELVINGROVE PARK VISITORS CENTRE	KELVINGROVE PARK	G3 6BY
KELVINGROVE PAV/BOWLS	GRAY STREET	G3 1AA
KEMPSTHORN - NEW	28 Kempsthorn Crescent	G53 5ST
KEPPOCH CAMPUS SCHOOL	65 STONYHURST STREET	G22 5AX
KINGS PARK PRIMARY SCHOOL	44 KINGSBRIDGE DRIVE	G44 4JS
KINGS PARK PUBLIC PARK	CARMUNOCK ROAD	G44 5JQ
KINGS PARK SECONDARY SCHOOL	14 FETLAR DRIVE	G44 5BL
KIRKLEE PLAYING FIELDS	42 BELLSHAUGH ROAD	G12 0JW
KIRKRIGGS PRIMARY SCHOOL - ASL	500 CROFTFOOT ROAD	G45 0NJ
KNIGHTSWOOD BOWLS AND PITCH AND PUTT	CHAPLET AVENUE	G13 3XP
KNIGHTSWOOD COMMUNITY CENTRE	201 ALDERMAN ROAD	G13 3DD
KNIGHTSWOOD COMPLEX	19 DUNTERLIE AVENUE	G13 3BB
KNIGHTSWOOD GOLF COURSE	LINCOLN AVENUE	G13 3DN
KNIGHTSWOOD LIBRARY	27 DUNTERLIE AVENUE	G13 3BB
KNIGHTSWOOD PRIMARY SCHOOL	36 KNIGHTSCLIFFE AVENUE	G13 2TE
KNIGHTSWOOD SECONDARY SCHOOL	60 KNIGHTSWOOD ROAD	G13 2XD
LADYWELL SCHOOL	12a VICTORIA DRIVE SOUTH	G14 9RU
LANDLORD LIGHTING	35 CONISBOROUGH ROAD	G34 9QN
LANGA STREET NURSERY SCHOOL	83 LANGA STREET	G20 0SQ
LANGFAULDS PRIMARY SCHOOL	56 LEDMORE DRIVE	G15 7AQ
LANGSIDE HALL	5 LANGSIDE AVENUE	G41 2QR
LANGSIDE LIBRARY	2 SINCLAIR DRIVE	G42 9QE
LANGSIDE PRIMARY SCHOOL	233 TANTALLON ROAD	G41 3JW
LANGSIDE ROAD TENNIS COURT	LANGSIDE ROAD	G42 8XY
LETHAMHILL GOLF COURSE	1240 CUMBERNAULD ROAD	G33 1AH
LIDDESDALE ROAD CHILD CARE UNIT	152-154 LIDDESDALE ROAD	G22 7QR
LIGHTING TEST LABORATORY	34 TRONGATE	G1 5ES
LINBURN SCHOOL	77 LINBURN ROAD	G52 4EX
LINN CEMETERY	413 LAINSHAW DRIVE	G45 9SP
	LAINSHAW DRIVE	G45 9SP
	661 CLARKSTON ROAD	G44 5EP
LINN PARK ADVENTURE PLAYGROUND	145 NETHERLEE ROAD	G44 3ST
LINN PARK BOTHY / MAIN YARD	SIMSHILL ROAD SIMSHILL ROAD	G44 5TA
LINN PARK GOLF		G44 5EP

LOCATION	ADDRESS	POSTCODE
LINTHAUGH NURSERY SCHOOL	533 CROOKSTON ROAD	G53 7TX
LISTER STREET BOWLS	LISTER STREET	G4 0BZ
LITTLEHILL GOLF COURSE	90 AUCHINAIRN ROAD	G64 1UT
LOANCROFT HOUSE HOME FOR THE ELDERLY	101 MUIRHEAD ROAD	G69 7HB
LOCHEND COMMUNITY HIGH SCHOOL	20 CAIRNBROOK ROAD	G34 0NZ
LOCHVIEW NURSERY SCHOOL	145 LOCHEND ROAD	G34 0LW
LORNE STREET PRIMARY SCHOOL	28 LORNE STREET	G51 1DP
LOURDES PRIMARY SCHOOL - NEW	140 BERRYKNOWES ROAD	G52 2DE
LOURDES SECONDARY SCHOOL	47 KIRRIEMUIR AVENUE	G52 3DF
LYONCROSS NURSERY SCHOOL	LYONCROSS ROAD	G53 5UR
MAIN STREET CHILDREN'S UNIT	Dunn Street	G40 3BG
MALLAIG RD DAYCARE CENTRE	102 MALLAIG ROAD	G51 4PE
MANSEFIELD PARK	Mansefield Street	G11 5QP
MARKETS OFFICE - UNIT 4	Unit 4	G21 2DU
MARTHA STREET REGISTRAR'S OFFICE	1 MARTHA STREET	G1 1JJ
MARTYRS SCHOOL	17 Parson Street	G4 0PS
MARTYRS SCHOOL	35 AVENUEPARK STREET	G20 8TS
MARYHILL HUB	186 Wyndford Road	G20 8HF
MARYHILL LEISURE CENTRE	1513 MARYHILL ROAD	G20 8NH
MARYHILL LIBRARY	1508 MARYHILL ROAD	G20 9AD
MARYHILL PARK NURSERY SCHOOL	23 KILMUN STREET	G20 0EL
MARYHILL REVENUES AND BENEFITS CENTRE	1 GAIRBRAID AVENUE	G20 8YA
MARYHILL SERVICE CENTRE	187 THORNTON STREET	G20 0RA
MARYHILL STORE	255 LOCHBURN ROAD	G20 0QQ
MCGREGOR STREET - BLOCK D	Block D	G51 1XX
MCLELLAN GALLERIES	270 SAUCHIEHALL STREET	G2 3EH
MEIKLEWOOD SERVICE CENTRE	15 MEIKLEWOOD ROAD	G51 4EU
MERCAT BUILDING	26 GALLOWGATE	G1 5AB
MERKEN HOUSE	18 PURDON STREET	G11 6AJ
MERKLAND STREET / BEITH STREET		G11 6HD
MERRYLEE LODGE	55 MUIRSKEITH ROAD	G43 2JX
MERRYLEE PRIMARY SCHOOL	50 Friarton Road	G43 2PR
MIDDLEFIELD RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL	26 PARTICKHILL ROAD	G11 5BP
MILE END OUT OF SCHOOL CARE	146 ORR STREET	G40 2BH
MILLER PRIMARY SCHOOL - NEW	20 ARDENCRAIG ROAD	G45 0VV
MILTON SECONDARY SCHOOL	6 LIDDESDALE TERRACE	G22 7HL
MILTONBANK PRIMARY SCHOOL	11 SKERRAY STREET	G22 7PT
MITCHELL LIBRARY	201 NORTH STREET	G3 7DN
MOLENDINAR COMMUNITY CENTRE	1210 ROYSTON ROAD	G33 1HE
MOLENDINAR FAMILY CENTRE	84 CRAIGHEAD AVENUE	G33 1LH
MONREITH ROAD CHILD UNIT	152 MONREITH ROAD EAST	G44 3DF
Moorpark House	Unit 4A	G51 2HF
MOORPARK INDUSTRIAL ESTATE	ADJACENT UNIT 1	G51 2WW
MOSS ROAD UNDERPASS	LANGLANDS ROAD	G51 4JT
MOSSPARK PRIMARY SCHOOL	20 MOSSPARK SQUARE	G52 1LZ
MOUNT FLORIDA PRIMARY SCHOOL	1127 CATHCART ROAD	G42 9HF
MOUNT VERNON HALL		G32 9LE
MOUNT VERNON PRIMARY SCHOOL	PENRYN GARDENS	G32 9NY
	101 MUIRHEAD ROAD	G69 7HB
MUSEUM BUSINESS PARK UNIT 16	140 WOODHEAD ROAD	G53 7NN
MUSEUM BUSINESS PARK UNIT 17		G53 7NN
		G4 0QS
	310 CORKERHILL ROAD	G52 1RR
NETHERPOLLOK FOOTBALL PAVILION	49 HAGGS ROAD	G41 4AP
	16 BLAELOCH DRIVE	G45 9QR
	358 NETHERTON ROAD	G13 1AX
	26 PENSTON ROAD	G33 4AG
NEWARK CHILDRENS HOME		G41 4QE
NEWHILLS SECONDARY SCHOOL	42 NEWHILLS ROAD	G33 4HJ
NEWLANDS PARK - RANGERS OFFICE AND DEPOT		G43 2RY
NHO POLLOK	25 BROCKBURN ROAD	G53 7BN

LOCATION	ADDRESS	POSTCODE
NITHSDALE ROAD NURSERY SCHOOL	264 NITHSDALE ROAD	G41 5LB
NITSHILL NEIGHBOURHOOD OFFICE	409 NITSHILL ROAD	G53 7BN
NITSHILL ROAD DEPOT	121 WOODHEAD ROAD	G53 7NN
NORSE ROAD CHILD UNIT	122 NORSE ROAD	G14 9EH
NORTH AREA OFFICE - UNIT 18-24	UNIT 18-24	G21 4DD
NORTH AREA OFFICE - UNIT 3	UNIT 3	G21 4DD
NORTH AREA SERVICES - POSSIL	7 CLOSEBURN STREET	G22 5JZ
NORTH AREA TEAM - ROYSTON	15 GLENBARR STREET	G21 2NW
NORTH EAST AREA SERVICES - EASTERHOUSE	1250 WESTERHOUSE ROAD	G34 9EA
NORTH KELVINSIDE PLAYING FIELDS	QUEEN MARGARET DRIVE	G20 6PY
NORTH WEST AREA SERVICES - PARTICK	35 CHURCH STREET	G11 5JT
NORTH WEST AREA TEAM - UNITS 6,7 AND 9	59 RUCHILL STREET	G20 9PX
NORTH WOODSIDE LEISURE CENTRE	10 MONCRIEFF STREET	G4 9YB
NORTHINCH COURT BLOCK 2	UNIT 4, BLOCK 2	G14 0UG
NOTRE DAME & ST PETERS	30 HAVELOCK STREET	G11 5JE
NOTRE DAME HIGH SCHOOL	160 OBSERVATORY ROAD	G12 9LN
NOVAR DRIVE NURSERY SCHOOL	5 LAUDERDALE GARDENS	G12 9UA
NYE BEVAN HOUSE 1 AND 2	20 INDIA STREET	G2 4PH
OAKGROVE PRIMARY SCHOOL	20 St PETERS STREET	G4 9PW
OAKWOOD PRIMARY SCHOOL	22 DRUMLANRIG AVENUE	G34 0GD
ONSLOW DRIVE DAY NURSERY SCHOOL	6 ONSLOW DRIVE	G31 2LX
OPEN GATE - 44 HECLA SQUARE	44 HECLA SQUARE	G15 8NH
ORAN STREET DAY CENTRE	45 ORAN STREET	G20 8LY
ORTON PLACE	UNIT 4	G51 1AA
ORTON PLACE - STREET LIGHTING	Street Lighting	G51 2HF
OUR LADY OF PEACE PRIMARY SCHOOL	343 HALLHILL ROAD	G33 4RY
OUR LADY OF THE ANNUNCIATION PRIMARY SCHOOL	80 FRIARTON ROAD	G43 2PR
OUR LADY OF THE ROSARY PRIMARY SCHOOL	50 TARFSIDE GARDENS	G52 3AA
OUTDOOR ADVENTURES	195C DRUMRY RD EAST	G15 8NB
PALACE OF ART (Sports Centre)	1121 PAISLEY ROAD WEST	G52 1EQ
PALACE OF ART HOCKEY PITCH	1121 PAISLEY ROAD WEST	G52 1EQ
PARENT AND CHILDREN TOGETHER (PACT) - DRUMCHAPEL	35 HECLA AVENUE	G15 8LG
PARISH HALLS	266 GEORGE STREET	G1 1QX
PARKHEAD LIBRARY	64 TOLLCROSS ROAD	G31 4XA
PARKHEAD REVENUES AND BENEFITS CENTRE	125 WESTMUIR STREET	G31 5EX
PARKHILL SCHOOL HAGHILL CAMPUS	375 CUMBERNAULD ROAD	G31 3LP
PARKING SHOP	46 ALBION STREET	G1 1LH
PARKVIEW PRIMARY SCHOOL	19 ROTHES DRIVE	G23 5PZ
PARTICK BURGH HALL PARTICK LIBRARY	9 BURGH HALL STREET	G11 5LW
	305 DUMBARTON ROAD	G52 4BD
PENILEE COMMUNITY CENTRE PENILEE NURSERY SCHOOL	10 GLEDDOCH ROAD	G52 4BD G52 2RW
PEOPLES PALACE	GLASGOW GREEN	G40 1AT
PEOPLES PALACE	GLASGOW GREEN	G40 TAT
PETER McEACHRAN HOME FOR THE ELDERLY	12 KENNYHILL SQUARE	G31 3LW
PETERSHILL BUSINESS CENTRE	UNIT 3	G21 4DD
PETERSHILL SPORTS CENTRE	30 ADAMSWELL STREET	G21 4DD
PETERSON PARK FOOTBALL PAVILION	22 YOKERMILL ROAD	G13 4PF
PIKEMAN NURSERY SCHOOL	21 ARCHERHILL ROAD	G13 3NJ
PINKSTON RESOURCE CENTRE	UNIT W7 ROSEMOUNT WORKSPACE	G21 1QA
PIRIE PARK PRIMARY SCHOOL	337 LANGLANDS ROAD	G51 4AW
PLENSHIN YPU	33 Plenshin Court	G52 6QW
PLOT L L ABERDALGIE ROAD	Aberdalgie Road	G34 1AA
POLLOK CHILDRENS CENTRE	8 NETHERPLACE CRESCENT	G53 5AA
POLLOK CIVIC REALM	27 COWGLEN ROAD	G53 6EW
POLLOK COMMUNITY CENTRE	134 LANGTON ROAD	G53 5DP
POLLOK NEIGHBOURHOOD OFFICE	27 BROCKBURN ROAD	G53 5BQ
POLLOK PARK - OLD STABLE	2060 POLLOKSHAWS ROAD	G43 1AT
POLLOKSHAWS LIBRARY	60 SHAWBRIDGE STREET	G31 2NT
POLLOKSHIELDS EARLY YEARS	9-11 MELVILLE STREET	G42 2NA
POLLOKSHIELDS EARLY YEARS	30 LESLIE STREET	G41 2LF

LOCATION	ADDRESS	POSTCODE
POLLOKSHIELDS PRIMARY SCHOOL	241 ALBERT DRIVE	G41 2NA
POLMADIE DEPOT	425 POLMADIE ROAD	G42 0PJ
POSSILPARK LIBRARY	127 ALLANDER STREET	G22 5JJ
POSSILPOINT COMMUNITY CENTRE	130 DENMARK STREET	G22 5LQ
PROPOSED NEW OFFICES - ORTON PLACE	Orton Place	G51 2HF
PROVAND'S LORDSHIP	3 CASTLE STREET	G4 0RB
PROVAND'S LORDSHIP	C/TAKERS HOUSE	G34 9NQ
PROVANHALL MUSEUM	AUCHINLEA ROAD	G34 9NQ
QUARRYBRAE PRIMARY SCHOOL	61 CRAIL STREET	G31 5AL
QUEENS PARK AREA OFFICE	520 LANGSIDE ROAD	G42 9QL
QUEENS PARK BOWLS AND TENNIS AND PITCH AND PUTT	QUEENS PARK BOWLS AND TENNIS AND PITCH AND PUTT	520 LANGSIDE AVENUE
QUEENSLIE TRAINING CENTRE RADNOR BOWLING	39 BLAIRTUMMOCK ROAD	G33 4ND
RADNOR BOWLING	KELVIN WAY	G3
RANNOCH HOUSE HOME FOR THE ELDERLY	97 CLEVEDEN ROAD	G12 0JN
RENFREW STREET NURSERY SCHOOL	256 RENFREW STREET	G3 6TT
RETAIL ACADEMY LEVEL 2	Level 2 Retail Academy	G1 2FF
RIDDRIE LIBRARY	1020 CUMBERNAULD ROAD	G33 2QS
RIDDRIE PARK CEMETERY	1171 CUMBERNAULD ROAD	G33 1AS
RIDDRIE PARK CEMETERY RIDDRIE RESOURCE CENTRE	1 RIDDRIEVALE COURT	G33 1AS
		G33 2RN G33 2HJ
RIDDRIE RESOURCE CENTRE TRAINING FLAT	116 LIBERTON STREET	
	5 Moffat Street	G5 0PD
RIVERSIDE MUSEUM OF TRANSPORT	YORKHILL QUAY	G3 8QE
RIVERSIDE PRIMARY SCHOOL	635 GOVAN ROAD	G51 2AQ
ROSE STREET PLAYGROUND	30 ROSE STREET	G3 6RE
ROSSHALL ACADEMY	131 CROOKSTON ROAD	G52 3QF
ROSSHALL NURSERY SCHOOL	35 CRONBERRY QUADRANT	G52 3NU
ROYSTON LIBRARY	61 ROYSTON ROAD	G21 2QW
ROYSTON PRIMARY SCHOOL	102 ROYSTON ROAD	G21 2NU
ROYSTONHILL RECREATION CENTRE	15 FORRESTFIELD STREET	G21 2HG
RSBI FACTORY	12 EDGEFAULD AVENUE	G21 4BB
RSBI FACTORY ANNEXE	7-9 ATLAS PLACE	G21 4BB
RUCHAZIE COMMUNITY CENTRE	441 GARTLOCH ROAD	G33 3TJ
RUCHILL COMMUNITY CENTRE	671 BILSLAND DRIVE	G20 9NF
RUCHILL COMMUNITY CENTRE	61 SMEATON STREET	G20 9JS
RUCHILL GOLF COURSE CLUBHOUSE	BRASSEY STREET	G20 9HP
RUCHILL PARK	212 FIRHILL ROAD	G20 7SQ
SACRED HEART PRIMARY SCHOOL	31 REID STREET	G40 4AR
SANDAIG NURSERY SCHOOL	USMORE PLACE	G33 4TE
SANDAIG PRIMARY SCHOOL	31 BURNMOUTH ROAD	G33 4SA
SANDWOOD PRIMARY SCHOOL	120 SANDWOOD ROAD	G52 2QY
SARACEN / BALMORE NEIGHBOURHOOD OFFICE	30 MANSION STREET	G22 5SZ
SARACEN HOUSE	Saracen House	G22 5AD
SCARAWAY NURSERY SCHOOL	24 SHAPINSAY STREET	G22 7JN
SCIENTIFIC SERVICES	64 EVERARD DRIVE	G21 1XG
SCOTLAND STREET SCHOOL MUSEUM	225 SCOTLAND STREET	G5 8QB
SCOTSTOUN LC - BADMINTON CENTRE	112 DANES DRIVE	G14 9HD
SCOTSTOUN LEISURE CENTRE	112 DANES DRIVE	G14 9HU
SCOTSTOUN PRIMARY SCHOOL	21 DUNCAN AVENUE	G14 9HN
SCOTSTOUN STADIUM	112 DANES DRIVE	G14 9HU
SEAMILL ST CHILDRENS HOME	31 SEAMILL STREET	G53 7AY
SECC CAR PARK	38 STOBCROSS ROAD	G3 8YH
SHANTI BHAVAN	41 DONCASTER STREET	G20 7DQ
SHAWBRIDGE REVENUES AND BENEFITS CENTRE	24-34 SHAWBRIDGE ARCADE	G43 1RT
SHAWLANDS ACADEMY SCHOOL	31 MOSS-SIDE ROAD	G41 3TR
SHAWLANDS PRIMARY SCHOOL	1284 POLLOKSHAWS ROAD	G41 3QP
SHERBROOKE AVE - CHILD UNIT	53 SHERBROOKE AVENUE	G41 4SE
SHERDROOKE AVE - CHILD ONT	54 AMULREE STREET	G32 7UT
SHELDHALL TRANSFER STATION	154 WELLSHOT ROAD	G32 701
SHIELDHALL TRANSFER STATION	200 BOGMOOR ROAD	G51 4SN
SIGHTHILL CEMETERY BOTHY	SPRINGBURN ROAD	G21 1RE
SIGHTHILL NURSERY SCHOOL	61 FOUNTAINWELL ROAD	G21 1RG

LOCATION	ADDRESS	POSTCODE
SIGHTHILL PARK FLOODLIGHTS	FOUNTAINWELL DRIVE	G21 100
SKILLS ACADEMY	99 NORFOLK STREET	G5 9LQ
SMITHYCROFT SEC SCHOOL	282 SMITHYCROFT ROAD	G33 2QU
SOUTH AND WEST DAYCARE	44 SOUTH PORTLAND STREET	G5 9JJ
SOUTH AREA SERVICES - GOVAN/GOVANHILL	2ND, 3RD AND 4TH FLOORS	G5 0RE
SOUTH AREA SERVICES - GOVAN/GOVANHILL ANNEXE	2ND, 3RD & 4TH FLOORS	G5 0RE
SOUTH EAST AREA SERVICES - CASTLEMILK	10 ARDENCRAIG PLACE	G45 9US
SOUTHBRAE RESOURCE CENTRE	190 SOUTHBRAE DRIVE	G13 1TX
SPRINGBURN ACADEMY SCHOOL	151 EDGEFAULD ROAD	G21 4JL
SPRINGBURN DISTRICT OFFICE	154 BALGRAYHILL ROAD	G21 3AB
SPRINGBURN HOUSE HOME FOR THE ELDERLY	62 BROOMFIELD ROAD	G21 3UB
SPRINGBURN LEISURE CENTRE (inc Library)	2 KAY STREET	G21 1JY
SPRINGBURN NURSERY SCHOOL	48 GOURLAY STREET	G21 1AE
SPRINGBURN OFFICE	179 AYR STREET	G21 4BW
SPRINGBURN OLD MENS CLUB	SPRINGBURN PARK	G21 3AX
SPRINGBURN PARK	MOSESFIELD STREET	G21 3AB
SPRINGBURN PARK BOWLING PAVILION	SPINGBURN PARK	G21 3UB
SPRINGBURN REVENUES AND BENEFITS CENTRE	30 CHARLES STREET	G21 2PN
SPRINGBURN SYNTHETIC PITCHES	MOSESFIELD STREET	G21 3AB
ST ALBERTS PRIMARY SCHOOL	36 MAXWELL DRIVE	G41 5DU
ST ANDREWS SECONDARY SCHOOL	47 TORPHIN CRESCENT	G32 6QE
ST ANGELA'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	227 GLEN MORISTON ROAD	G53 7HT
ST ANNES PRIMARY SCHOOL	35 DAVID STREET	G40 2UN
ST BARTHOLOMEWS PRIMARY SCHOOL	CAVIN ROAD	G45 9TR
ST BENEDICTS PRIMARY SCHOOL (NEW)	62 LOCHEND ROAD	G34 0NY
ST BERNARD'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	14-16 DOVE STREET	G53 7BP
ST BLANES PRIMARY SCHOOL	23 ARROCHAR DRIVE	G23 5QB
ST BRENDANS PRIMARY SCHOOL	170 HAWICK STREET	G13 4HG
ST BRIDES PRIMARY SCHOOL	83 CRAIGIE STREET	G42 8NB
ST BRIDGET'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	CAMP ROAD	G69 6DF
ST BRIGID'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	4 GLENMORE AVENUE	G42 0EH
ST CATHERINE'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	274 RYE ROAD	G21 3JR
ST CHARLES PRIMARY SCHOOL	13 KELVINSIDE GARDENS	G20 6BG
ST CLARES PRIMARY SCHOOL (NEW)	15 KILCLOY AVENUE	G15 8RP
ST CONSTANTINES PRIMARY SCHOOL - NEW	45 DRUMOYNE ROAD	G51 4AX
ST CONVAL'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	140 SHAWHILL ROAD	G43 1SY
ST DENIS PRIMARY SCHOOL		G31 2RZ
ST FILLANS PRIMARY SCHOOL		G44 5AF
ST FRANCIS CENTRE	405 CUMBERLAND STREET	G5 0SE
ST FRANCIS OF ASSISSI PRIMARY SCHOOL ST FRANCIS PRIMARY SCHOOL	430 OLD RUTHERGLEN ROAD	G69 7XB G5 0PA
ST GEORGES PRIMARY SCHOOL	101 MUIRDYKES ROAD	G52 7QJ
ST JOACHIM'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	MONTROSE AVENUE	G32 8BZ
ST JOSEPH'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	39 RAGLAN STREET	G32 6B2
ST KEVIN'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	25 FOUNTAINWELL ROAD	G21 1TN
ST MARGARET MARYS SECONDARY SCHOOL	9 BIRGIDALE ROAD	G45 9NJ
ST MARGARET MARTS SECONDART SCHOOL	67 SKERRYVORE ROAD	G33 3LT
ST MARIA GORETTI PRIMART SCHOOL (NEW)	13 LANGTON CRESCENT	G53 5LW
ST MARTHA'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	85 MENZIES ROAD	G21 3NG
ST MARY'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	2 KILMUN STREET	G20 0EL
ST MICHAELS PRIMARY SCHOOL	865 SPRINGFIELD ROAD	G31 4HZ
ST MIRIN'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	260 CARMUNNOCK ROAD	G44 5AP
ST MONICA'S (MILTON) PRIMARY SCHOOL	200 LIDDESDALE ROAD	G22 7QR
ST MONICA'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	30 KEMPSTHORN ROAD	G53 5SR
ST MUNGO MUSEUM	2 CASTLE STREET	G4 0RH
ST MUNGO'S ACADEMY SCHOOL	235 CROWNPOINT ROAD	G40 2RA
ST MUNGO'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	45 PARSON STREET	G4 0PX
ST NINIANS PRIMARY SCHOOL	2150 GREAT WESTERN ROAD	G13 2AB
ST OSWALDS SECONDARY SCHOOL	83 BRUNTON STREET	G44 3NF
ST PATRICK'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	10 PERTH STREET	G3 8UQ
ST PAULS HIGH SCHOOL	36 DAMSHOT ROAD	G53 5HW

LOCATION	ADDRESS	POSTCODE
ST PAUL'S PRIMARY SCHOOL (SHETTLESTON)	85 ANWORTH STREET	G32 7RR
ST PAULS PRIMARY SCHOOL (WHITEINCH)	17 PRIMROSE STREET	G14 0TF
ST PHILOMENA'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	21 ROBROYSTON ROAD	G33 1EA
ST RAYMONDS PRIMARY SCHOOL	384 DRAKEMIRE DRIVE	G45 9SR
ST ROCH'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	267 ROYSTON ROAD	G21 2BS
ST ROCH'S SECONDARY SCHOOL	RHYMER STREET	G21 2NR
ST ROLLOX DEPOT	CHARLES STREET	G21 2QA
ST ROLL ST ROLLOX DEPOT OX HOUSE	130 Springburn Road	G21 1YL
ST ROSE OF LIMA PRIMARY SCHOOL	295 MOSSVALE ROAD	G33 5QS
ST STEPHEN'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	22 PINKSTON DRIVE	G21 1NL
ST THOMAS AQUINAS SECONDARY SCHOOL	112 MITRE ROAD	G14 9PP
ST THOMAS' PRIMARY SCHOOL	8 SMITHYCROFT ROAD	G33 2QJ
ST TIMOTHY'S PRIMARY SCHOOL	41 INVERESK STREET	G32 6SL
ST VINCENT CRESCENT CHILD UNIT	56 ST VINCENT CRESCENT	G3 3NQ
ST VINCENTS PRIMARY SCHOOL	SCHOOL ENTRANCE	G46 8EQ
STAIR LIGHTING - UM5 5UP	STAIR LIGHTING	UM5 5UP
STEPFORD ROAD SPORTS TRUST	1514 EDINBURGH ROAD	G33 4NU
STEWART MEMORIAL FOUNTAIN		G31 4EG
STRATHCLYDE HOUSE 10	94 ELMBANK STREET	G2 4PF
STREET LIGHTING - UM5 5UP	STREET LIGHTING	UM5 5UP
STREET LIGHTS - 229 GEORGE STREET	Street Lighting	UM5 5UP
STREETWATCH	BLOCHAIRN ROAD	
SUMMERSTON TIP	BALMORE ROAD	G22 600
SUNNYSIDE PRIMARY SCHOOL	1 POWRIE STREET	G33 5LA
SWINTON PRIMARY SCHOOL	2 RHINDMUIR ROAD	G69 6AZ
TEMPLE LIBRARY	FULTON STREET	G13 1JLS
TEMPLE POOL	FULTON STREET	G13 1AX
TEMPLETON BUSINESS CENTRE - BLOCK 4	Block 4	G40 1DA
THE LIGHTHOUSE	11 MITCHELL LANE	G1 3NU
THORNTREE PRIMARY SCHOOL	55 COBINSHAW STREET	G32 6XL
THORNWOOD PRIMARY SCHOOL	11 THORNWOOD AVENUE	G11 7QZ
TINTO PRIMARY SCHOOL	61 NETHER AULDHOUSE ROAD	G43 2XG
TOLBOOTH STEEPLE	Floodlighting	G1 1LX
TOLLCROSS BOTHY / YARD / WORKSHOP - 254A	254A Wellshot Road	G32 7YH
TOLLCROSS BOTHY / YARD AND WORKSHOP	TOLLCROSS ROAD	G32 8TQ
TOLLCROSS BOTHY/ YARD/ WORKSHOP - 254B	254B Wellshot Road	G32 7YH
TOLLCROSS LEISURE CENTRE	360 WELLSHOT ROAD	G32 7QR
TOLLCROSS YOUTH CENTRE	1120 TOLLCROSS ROAD	G32 8HE
	20 TRONGATE	G1 5EY
TORYGLEN FOOTBALL CENTRE	480 PROSPECTHILL ROAD	G42 0BY
TORYGLEN PRIMARY SCHOOL	6 DRUMREOCH PLACE	G42 0ER
TORYGLEN RESOURCE CENTRE FLAT	FLAT 10/3	G42 3HD
TRAMWAY THEATRE	25 ALBERT DRIVE	G41 2PE
Transport Vehicle Workshop	91 Jessie Street	G42 0PG
TRONDRA ENTERPRISE	51 TRONDRA PLACE	G34 9AX
TRONGATE 103	LANDLORD SUPPLY, UNIT 1 THE	G1 5RB
TRONCATE 402 CL		
TRONGATE 103-GL	KING STREET	G1 5RB
UNIT 11 RIVERSIDE BUSINESS SERVICES	Moffat Street	G5 1AA
UNIT 20 ADELPHI CENTRE	Unit 20 Adelphi Centre	G5 0PQ
UNIT 3 - MOFFAT STREET (VACANT)	UNIT 3	G5 0QB
UNIT 3 ADELPHI CENTRE		G5 0PQ
VEHICLE POUND		G40 3SA
VICTORIA PARK BOWLS		G14 9NN
	VICTORIA PARK DRIVE SOUTH	C21 2DV
VICTORIA PARK DRIVE SOUTH	70 Wallacewell Quadrant	G21 3PX
Wallacewell Children's Home	305 STANDBURN ROAD	G21 3RH
WALLACEWELL PRIMARY SCHOOL	285 WELLSHOT ROAD	G32 7QD
WELLSHOT PRIMARY SCHOOL	WELLSHOT ROAD	G32 7HY
WELLSHOT ROAD		G15 8NH
WEST AREA SERVICES - MERCAT HOUSE	1660/1670 GREAT WESTERN ROAD	G13 1HH
WEST AREA TEAM - ANNIESLAND	20 Dunkenny Square	G15 8NB

LOCATION	ADDRESS	POSTCODE
WEST COMMUNITY CASEWORK TEAM	40 KELVINHAUGH STREET	G3 8PB
WESTERN DEPOT		
WESTERN NECROPOLIS	35 TRESTA ROAD	G23 5AA
WESTMUIR HIGH SCHOOL	255 RIGBY STREET	G32 6DJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE - CAFE LL SUPPLY	69 ABERDALGIE ROAD	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE - EX UPPERGRD D	Extension Upperground D Westwood Business Centre	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE - EX UPPERGRD E	Extension Upperground E Westwood Business Centre	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE 1/2G	1/2G	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE LGA	WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE LGF	LOWER GROUND FLOOR	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE PLOT 7	PLOT 7	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UGC	69 ABERDALGIE ROAD	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 1	UNIT 1	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 1A	UNIT 1A	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 1B	UNIT 1BW	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 2	UNIT 2	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 2 WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 2A		G34 9HJ
	Unit 2a Westwood Business Centre	
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 2E	UNIT 2E	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 2F	Unit 2F Westwood Business Centre	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 2G	UNIT 2G	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 3	UNIT 3	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 3A	UNIT 3A	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 3B	UNIT 3B	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 3C	69 Aberdalgie Road	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 3D	69 Aberdalgie Road	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 3E	69 ABERDALGIE ROAD	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 3F	UNIT 3F	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UNIT 4	UNIT 4	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD BUSINESS CENTRE UPPER GROUND B	Upper Ground B	G34 9HJ
WESTWOOD TRAINING CAMP	71 ABERDALGIE ROAD	G34 9HY
WHITEHILL SECONDARY SCHOOL	280 ONSLOW DRIVE	G31 2QF
WHITEHILL SWIMMING POOL	240 ONSLOW DRIVE	G31 3QU
WHITEINCH LIBRARY	14 VICTORIA PARK DRIVE SOUTH	G14 9RL
WHITEINCH PRIMARY SCHOOL	56 MEDWYN STREET	G14 9RW
WINDLAW HOUSE HOME FOR THE ELDERLY	340 ARDENCRAIG ROAD	G45 0QA
WOODSIDE HALLS	36 GLENFARG STREET	G20 7QF
WOODSIDE LIBRARY	343 ST GEORGES ROAD	G3 6JQ
Woodside Library - Floodlights	343 St Georges Road	G3 6JQ
WOODSIDE NURSERY SCHOOL	445 ST GEORGES ROAD	G3 6JX
WS14 PUMPING STATION	SPEAN STREET	G44 4DQ
WS15 PUMPING STATION	CARTSIDE QUADRANT	9RL
WS16 PUMPING STATION	SINCLAIR DRIVE	G42 9PT
WS17 PUMPING STATION	LANGSIDE DR/TANTALLON ROAD	G41 3HY
WS28 PUMPING STATION	CREBAR STREET	G46 8EQ
WS9 PUMPING STATION	HOLMHEAD CRESCENT	G44 4HC
WYNDFORD COMMUNITY FACILITY	186 WYNDFORD ROAD	G20 8HF
WYNDFORD NURSERY SCHOOL	33 LATHERTON DRIVE	G20 8JR
YOKER PRIMARY SCHOOL	56 CRAGGAN DRIVE	G14 0ES
YOKER SPORTS CENTRE		
I OREN SPORTS GENTRE	2 SPEIRSHALL TERRACE	G14 0LN
YOUNG MOTHER'S SUPPORT GROUP	FLAT 0/1	G31 4TS

#### **APPENDIX 3** REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Committee/Group	Convenor	Terms of Reference	Reporting Frequency
Energy and Carbon Working Group (ECWG)	Councillor Martha Wardrop		6-weekly (subject to the Summer Recess)
Sustainability and Environment Policy Development Committee (S&E PD Committee)	Brian Devlin	In addition to the general terms of reference for all PD committees, to fulfil the functions of Policy Development (including consideration of equalities issues) as they relate to council policies, services and activities on sustainability and the environment. These functions include:	Annual report to be provided by the CM Board however updates on specific projects are provid-
		<ul> <li>Transport infrastructure.</li> </ul>	ed as necessary.
		<ul> <li>Highway maintenance and improvements.</li> </ul>	
		Sustainability.	
		Climate change.	
		<ul> <li>Road safety.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Lighting strategy.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Parks regeneration and events.</li> </ul>	
		• Street environment.	
		<ul> <li>Waste and recycling.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Energy management.</li> </ul>	
		Public health.	
		Pollution.	
		<ul> <li>Trading standards.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Scientific services.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Nuclear free zones.</li> </ul>	
Corporate Management Team	Anne Marie O'Donnell	Consists of the Executive Directors of each of the seven Services. The role of the CMT is to ensure that the Council meets its statutory duties; is transparent and accountable; and provides best quality services to everyone who lives, works, studies, plays or does business in Glasgow. The CMT makes decisions that steer the council on the best course. It is responsible for promoting the city as a vibrant, innovative, sustainable and modern metropolitan city. The CMT is currently working to the following five key objectives: Improving the efficiency and effectiveness of our services Increasing access to lifelong learning Making Glasgow a cleaner, safer city Building a prosperous city Improving health and well being	

Committee/Group	Convenor	Terms of Reference	Reporting Frequency
Carbon Management Board	Brian Devlin, Executive Director of LES	Membership: Attended by the Director/Assistant Director from each of the council's core services and ALEOs, the functions of the Carbon Management Board Include:	Quarterly
		<ul> <li>To review the output of the Carbon Management Working Group.</li> </ul>	
		• To review and monitor the development of, and compliance with, the council's Carbon Management Programme.	
		<ul> <li>To review the carbon emissions relative to the targets set out in the Carbon Management Plan.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Identify resource efficiency programmes, and develop a business case for resource efficiency as appropriate.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>To make recommendations and bring forward plans and escalate concerns, as appropriate, to the Corporate Management Team.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>To inform the proceedings of the SAMP Board as appropriate.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>To report to the Sustainability &amp; Environment Policy Development Committee annually.</li> </ul>	
Carbon Management Working Group (CMWG)	Alastair Brown	Senior Managers (Grade 10 and above) from each of the Council's core services and ALEOs.	Quarterly
		The CMWG reports to the Carbon Management Board. CMWG implements actions and new initiatives within GCC in	
Senior Officers	Alastair Brown	relation to energy efficiency and carbon management.	Bi-monthly
Group on Sustainability and	Alastali Diowii	Attended by nominated Officers from all Glasgow City Council Services and ALEOs General Remit	DI-ITIOTIUTIY
the Environment		To support the Sustainability and Environment Policy Development Committee in discharging the following general functions:	
		1. To examine, on behalf of the council, various policies, strategies and plans in draft relating to the subject area (whether provided directly by the council, external organisations or partnerships) and reporting on these to the Executive Committee.	
		2. To undertake reviews or policy development tasks in relation to any matters falling within the remit of this Committee or as requested by the Executive Committee.	
		3. To support the Sustainability and Environment Policy Development Committee in fulfilling the functions of Policy Development as they relate specifically to Council policies, services and activities on sustainability and the environment (excluding functions supported by the Carbon Management and Resource Efficiency Board, i.e. on carbon management and reduction within the GCC "family"). This includes:	
		<ul> <li>Sustainable Development</li> <li>Climate Change – adaptation and mitigation</li> <li>Sustainable Procurement</li> <li>Natural Environment</li> <li>Cultural Heritage</li> <li>Air Quality</li> <li>Planning and the Built Environment</li> </ul>	

Committee/Group	Convenor	Terms of Reference	Reporting Frequency
Senior Officers Group on Sustainability and the Environment	Alastair Brown	<ul> <li>Specific Remit (Short-term):</li> <li>Monitor, assess and provide feedback on the Climate Change Strategy and Action Plan.</li> <li>Oversee and authorise allocation of the Sustainability Innovation Fund.</li> <li>Receive feedback from/provide support to GCC-wide action on the 2014 Commonwealth Games Environmental Legacy.</li> <li>Receive feedback from/provide support to GCC-wide action on the 2015 European Green Capital application.</li> </ul>	Frequency

#### APPENDIX 4 PROJECT LIST

Technology	Owner	Project/Action
Heating	City Building	Feasibility study and subsequent installa- tion of improved gas heating and BMS at Darnick St Hub building
Heating	City Building	Feasibility study and subsequesnt instal- lation of improved gas heating and BMS at RSBi
Lighting	City Building	Feasibility study and subsequent installa- tion of more efficient lighting at RSBi
Ventilation	City Building	Feasibility study and subsequent installa- tion of improved dust extraction at RSBi with more efficient fan
Energy Champions	City Building	Impact of Energy Champions in reducing electricity in CB premises
Energy Champions	City Building	Impact of Energy Champions in reducing gas in CB premises
Fleet	City Building	Change to higher proportion of smaller vehicles and Euro VI engines in vehicle fleet
Heating	Social Work Services	Newlands Centre TRV installation includ- ing drain down
Heating	Social Work Services	Newlands Centre pipework insulation
Heating	Social Work Services	Newlands Centre UMAX
Heating	Land and Environmental Services	Easter Queenslie UMAX
Heating	Social Work Services	Clyde Place Assessment Centre UMAX
Heating	Social Work Services	Centre for Sensory Impairment UMAX
Heating	Social Work Services	Stanley Street UMAX
Heating	Social Work Services	Castlemilk Area Office UMAX
Heating	Social Work Services	Newlands Centre BMS
Heating	Land and Environmental Services	Eastern Cleansing Depot BMS
Heating	Social Work Services	Housing Alarm Centre BMS
Heating	Social Work Services	Hamish Allan Hostel BMS
Heating	Social Work Services	Oran Street Day Centre BMS
Heating	Social Work Services	Easterhouse Office BMS
Heating	Social Work Services	Budhill Day Care Centre BMS
Catering	Development and Regeneration Services	Lighthouse LED lighting trial
Heating	Social Work Services	Multiple sites Vendsense trial
Heating	City Property	Strathclyde House Heating Control
Lighting	Land and Environmental Services	Queens Park Depot LED
Lighting	Development and Regeneration Services	Lighthouse LED refit
Lighting	Chief Executive/Corporate Services	Exchange House Lighting Reconfiguring
IT	Education Services	PC Shutdown
Street Lighting	Land and Environmental Services	Street lighting
Car Park Lighting	City Parking	Concert sq
Car Park Lighting	City Parking	Charing Cross
Renewables	Land and Environmental Services	Queens Park Depot Biomass
Renewables	Social Work Services	Ferguson Anderson House Biomass
Heating	Chief Executive/Corporate Services	220 High Street Sub Metering
Site removal	Chief Executive/Corporate Services	Nye Bevan
Site removal	Chief Executive/Corporate Services	Nye Bevan
Site removal	Social Work Services	Berryknowes Resouce Centre

Technology	Owner	Project/Action
Site removal	Social Work Services	Wallacewell Childrens unit
Site removal	Social Work Services	Inglefield Street Hostel
Site removal	Social Work Services	Hinshaw st
Site removal	Social Work Services	Onslow drive
Site removal	Social Work Services	Blythe Road day centre
Lighting	Cordia	Cordia Alarm Response Centre
Lighting	Cordia	Cordia Cook Freeze
Cooling	ACCESS	RES Data Centre Project
Lighting	Education Sevices	Wallacewell Floodlighting LED Trial
Lighting	Education Sevices	Avenue End Floodlighting LED Trial
Lighting	Education Sevices	Govan Campus Floodlighting LED Trial

### APPENDIX 5 COMMUNICATION AIMS

Make use of the new Carbon Management Governance Structure, namely the Carbon Management Board (CMB) and Carbon Management Working Group (CMWG) to disseminate information throughout the council estate.

Make staff aware of the need to reduce energy consumption and cut carbon in the workplace and at home. Also, make staff aware of the link between energy and carbon.

Make staff aware of the need to recycle and use recycling bins wisely .

Make staff aware of how to prevent unneccessary water usage.

Understanding of the importance of the Programme e.g. climate change and the potential long term environmental and financial impacts of not taking action now

Motivate staff to take responsibility towards cutting energy usage – this will cut both our energy bills and reduce the cost of CRC related taxes as well as reduce our carbon emissions.

Promote the changes staff can make to cut energy consumption, e.g. switching off equipment that is not in use, reporting problems such as draughts, leaks, lights left on in buildings overnight, making correct use of recycling bins, being careful in kitchens, i.e. boiling only enough water, not over-stocking fridges and clearing out as necessary, assessing the need for printing, etc.

Recognise the efforts staff are making through publishing consumption reports/ graphs and updates. Also, thank staff for their efforts.

Engage with CMWG members to support behavioural changes in services and drive actions around key messages – ensure that staff know who the members are and enable confidence that appropriate action will be taken to resolve any issues/concerns raised.

Make staff aware of the projects taking place within Glasgow City Council to reduce energy consumption and cut carbon emissions and of who to contact for further information.

Encourage staff to save at home by holding awareness events, competitions, providing tips, advice and contact information. As the Carbon Management Awareness Officer's remit has changed in that they will be engaging with not only staff but the public in carbon awareness promotion, re-branding is necessary to promote a fresh awareness campaign. An immediately recognisable logo/ theme is required to underpin all promotional merchandise.

Instil staff with a sense of optimism that the project will be successful and a sense of pride knowing that they can make a difference.

A copy of the Carbon Communiction Plan is available on request

## APPENDIX 6 ENERGY POLICY

## **GLASGOW CITY COUNCIL ENERGY POLICY 2014-2020**

### INTRODUCTION

The council is committed to continuous improvement in the efficiency with which energy is used, the avoidance of energy waste and raising awareness of the need to do so. We recognise that our use of energy impacts on local, national and global environments.

We will reduce levels of greenhouse gas generated from our operations while working in partnership with other agencies to raise awareness of the need to reduce Glasgow's overall emissions and plan for the anticipated impacts of climate change on the city. It is our objective to ensure that Glasgow meets and exceeds its carbon emissions reduction target for 2020. In reducing energy use we will support the achievement of Scotland's ambitious climate change targets.

The council will support and encourage staff and the wider community in improving energy efficiency for the benefit of the city. vision of becoming the most sustainable city in Europe. This low carbon vision is part of the council's manifesto and is also the main objective of Sustainable Glasgow, a city wide partnership bringing together partners from higher education and the public and private sectors to work with local people, communities and businesses.

The evidence for climate change is overwhelming and the rate of change is increasing with the main contributor being rising levels of  $CO_2$  emissions. Glasgow City Council recognises that in carrying out its daily business it has an impact on the local, national and global environment and seeks to mitigate the impact of climate change.

The scope of this policy covers all our buildings, processes and transport operations.

We expect staff and contractors alike to support our objectives and to co-operate actively in achieving them.

We will also work towards our long term

#### The Energy Policy contains the following key parts:

- Roles and responsibilities this covers Elected Members, Senior Management, the Carbon Management Board, Working Group and Team as well the responsibilities of various services and sections and a general overview of the role of all staff and management.
- Monitoring and reporting the Carbon Management Team will monitor energy consumption across all council services and will provide consumption reports on a regular basis to all Services and ALEOs.
- Procurement the council will procure utilities in line with the Scottish Procurement contract. Consideration will also be given to the Government's Best Value framework.
- Training and development staff with a specific energy role, e.g. caretakers, facilities management front line staff as well as training for all staff both PC and non PC facing.
- Energy management is not solely the responsibility of the Carbon Management Team. All employees and building users are responsible for energy efficiency and also for acting in the best possible way to promote energy aware behaviour to colleagues.

## 1. TARGETS

Glasgow City Council's energy and carbon reduction targets are set out in the council's Carbon Management Plan 2013-2020. There is an overall council target as well as individual annual service targets. The council target is to reduce carbon emissions by 30% by 2020 on a 2005/2006 baseline.

The council is working towards helping to achieve the Scottish Government's 2020 and 2050 targets set out in the Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2008 and is also committed to achieving Sustainable Glasgow's target to reduce the city's carbon emissions by 30% by 2020.

## 2. POLICY DRIVERS

#### 1. CARBON MANAGEMENT PLAN

The council's Carbon Management Plan (CMP), which is supported by the Carbon Trust's Public Sector Carbon Management Programme, illustrates our commitment to reducing our carbon footprint. Phase 1 (2008-2013) aimed to deliver a 20% reduction in carbon emissions by 2013 based on a 2005/2006 baseline of 194,169 tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>.

Phase 1 ended in March 2013; the actual reduction achieved was 9%, highlighting the need for council wide support to achieve future targets. The responsibilities section in this policy outlines the expectations of all staff across the council and ALEOs.

Phase 2 of the CMP runs from April 2013 to end of March 2020; the target reduction for this period is 30% on a 2005/2006 baseline.

#### 2. CARBON REDUCTION COMMITMENT (CRC) ENERGY EFFICIENCY SCHEME

The Carbon Reduction Commitment (CRC) Energy Efficiency Scheme is a UK wide mandatory energy saving and carbon emissions reduction scheme for all organisations that consumed over 6,000 MWh of electricity through Half Hourly (HH) meters in the calendar year of 2008. The scheme came into force on 1st April 2010. As a participant of the scheme, the council established that their CRC related emissions for 2012/2013 required the purchase of credits for 82,284 tonnes of carbon at a cost of £12 per tonne, giving a CRC liability of £987,408. The cost per tonne increased to £15.60 in 2014/15.

The Carbon Management Team (CMT) in Land and Environmental Services (LES) is responsible for CRC reporting, however, CRC has now become a separate budget item and so offers an opportunity for additional financial savings through energy reduction. The CMT will calculate any savings through reduced CRC liability resulting from carbon reduction initiatives; savings will be included as part of the business case for future projects.

## 3. CLIMATE CHANGE (SCOTLAND) ACT 2009

Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy are a requirement of the Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009. The Act sets out the Government's plans for how Scotland makes the transition into a low carbon economy.

#### 4. CLIMATE CHANGE DECLARATION

Scotland's Climate Change Declaration signed by the Chief Executive and Council Leader in January 2007 commits the council to tackling climate change. We published a Climate Change Strategy and Action Plan 2010-2015 which sets out the strategic measures and actions planned by the council to address the serious challenges the organisation faces as a result of global warming both now, and in the future. An aim of the Climate Change strategy is to reduce Glasgow's CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.

#### 5. COVENANT OF MAYORS

The European Union Covenant of Mayors signed by the Lord Provost challenges the council to meet and exceed the 2020 carbon reduction target of 20% set out in the European Climate and Energy Package. Upon signing this, Glasgow committed to reducing their CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 30%.

#### 2.6 SUSTAINABLE GLASGOW

The council is one of the founding members of Sustainable Glasgow; a partnership of public and private sector organisations working towards reducing Glasgow's carbon footprint by 30% by 2020 on a 2010 baseline.

## **3. ENERGY POLICY**

#### 3.1 STATEMENT OF COMMITMENT

Glasgow City Council is committed through its corporate objectives and those set out in the Energy Policy to reduce carbon emissions and protect and enhance the environment. The council recognises that its use of energy impacts on local, national and global environments. Glasgow City Council is committed to limiting those impacts where possible.

As part of its Carbon Management Plan (Phase 2 2013 – 2020) the Council is committed to continual improvement in energy efficiency, to reducing CO, emissions across the council estate and ensuring the availability of information and of all necessary resources to achieve objectives and targets. As well as using energy efficiently, the council is dedicated to purchasing energy at the most cost effective price, through the Scottish Procurement contract and procuring energy efficient plant and equipment (including office equipment). The Council will consider life cycle costs when procuring new projects and invest in new technology where this meets investment criteria, including renewable energy sources.

GCC will optimise its position in the Carbon Reduction Commitment (CRC) Energy Efficiency Scheme and comply with all applicable requirements (legally required or voluntarily agreed to by the organisation).

As well as energy use across the estate we will work to reduce environmental emissions associated with travel (including employee travel to work and business travel).

#### **3.2 AIMS AND OBJECTIVES**

Glasgow City Council's long and medium-term corporate goals are:

- Commit organisational resources to energy management
- Minimise CO<sub>2</sub> emissions
- Reduce consumption of energy by 30% on a 2005/2006 baseline by 2020
- Reduce our energy costs
- Give high priority to energy efficiency investments
- Consider life-cycle energy costs for all new projects
- Minimise environmental impact
- Where possible, use energy from sustainable sources
- Work towards achieving carbon neutrality across the council estate
- Develop a training programme for all staff and include energy efficiency in the Corporate Induction
- Specify energy efficient design of new buildings, and procure energy efficient plant and equipment

Glasgow City Council's short-term objectives are:

- Reduce environmental impact of fuels used by reducing our emissions
- Implement a regular programme of energy audits
- Set and publish performance improvement targets
- Report performance changes and improvements annually
- Increase staff awareness of the need to save energy and encourage staff to play a part in reducing emissions
- Nominate employees to act as departmental Carbon Champions
- Establish a monitoring and targeting process
- Provide regular management reports on costs and consumption to all services and ALEOs

## 4. HEATING

To ensure the efficient use of energy to provide heating during this period this section has been designed to provide guidance on the appropriate level of heating required in buildings. It also provides useful information to help minimise energy used for heating whilst ensuring the comfort of staff.

#### 4.1 HEATING LEVELS

The Workplace (Health, Safety and Welfare) Regulations 1992 lay down particular requirements for most aspects of the working environment. Regulation 7 deals specifically with the temperature in indoor workplaces and states that:

'During working hours, the temperature in all workplaces inside buildings shall be reasonable.'

However, the application of the regulation depends on the nature of the workplace, such as a bakery, a cold store, an office, a warehouse.

The law does not state a minimum or maximum temperature; however the temperature in workrooms should normally be 16°C or 13°C if much of the work is physical. Furthermore, the Health and Safety Executive has previously defined thermal comfort as:

'An acceptable zone of thermal comfort for most people in the UK lies roughly between 13°C (56°F) and 30°C (86°F), with acceptable temperatures for more strenuous work activities concentrated towards the bottom end of the range, and more sedentary activities towards the higher end.' The table below defines the heating levels, both minimum and maximum, for the various building types found throughout the council's services and ALEOs. These temperatures have been decided using guidance from the Carbon Trust, CIBSE and HSE.

It is recognised that there will be some zones in buildings which have very specific heating requirements which may cause it to differ from the guidance set out in this policy. Services and ALEOs must report these zones to the Carbon Management Team via email (energyefficiencyunit@glasgow.gov.uk) to be recorded as exceptions.

## TABLE 1 – GLASGOW CITY COUNCIL HEATING LEVELS BY SITE TYPE

Building Type	Min Temp	Ideal Temp	Max Temp
Office Space	18°C	20°C	22°C
Primary School Classroom/ Office	18°C	20°C	22°C
Primary School Corridor/ Gymnasium	14°C	16°C	18°C
Secondary School Classroom/Office	18°C	20°C	22°C
Secondary School Corridor/ Gymnasium	11°C	13°C	15°C
Nursery School	18°C	20°C	22°C
ASL School		21°C	23°C
Enclosed Industrial Depot	11°C	13°C	15°C
Stores	13°C	15°C	25°C
Libraries	18°C	20°C	22°C
Sports Centre – Changing Rooms	21°C	23°C	25°C
Sports Centre – Sports Halls	13°C	15°C	17°C
Sports Centre – Pool Halls	26°C	28°C	30°C
Museums	18°C	20°C	22°C
Care Homes	21°C	23°C	25°C
Historic Buildings	18°C	20°C	22°C
Community Centre	18°C	20°C	22°C

Table 2 below gives an alternate approach to winter heating set points which keeps to the same levels of heat but categorises by occupancy instead of building type.

## TABLE 2 – GLASGOW CITY COUNCIL GENERIC HEATING LEVELS

	Minimum Temp	Ideal Temp	Maximum Temp
Occupied	18°C	20°C	22°C
Unoccupied	11°C	13°C	15°C

#### 4.2 PORTABLE HEATERS

The use of portable heaters will only be permitted where the heating system is unable to provide sufficient heat or where an event has caused the heating to fail. In either of these instances the facilities staff will issue portable heaters and record their issue on a log sheet. As soon as the heating matter has been resolved the portable heaters will be reclaimed by the facilities staff and logged back in.

## 4.3 FANS AND AIR-CONDITIONING UNITS (ACU)

During periods of excessive heat (see section 4.1) the use of portable fans and ACUs will be permitted with the express permission of building facilities management. When agreed, units will be supplied and placed in the most appropriate locations ensuring certain conditions are met, for example where ACUs are deployed, windows should be closed.

The use of personal equipment is not permitted since these will not have been assessed in accordance with the council's statutory health and safety obligations.

#### 4.4 RESPONSE TO SEVERE WEATHER

Severely cold weather presents a significant risk to buildings operational abilities and frozen water pipes can lead to bursts, forcing sites to be closed for expensive repairs. There are various different heating systems in place throughout the variety of sites in the GCC estate and the ability of these buildings to cope with freezing temperatures varies.

In a site where frost protection exists, it must be set no higher than 5°C unless a specific building assessment identifies a different set level. Where a site does not have frost protection it may be necessary to turn the heating on to manual control to override the time clock and ensure the heating is running. If the situation demands switching to manual this must be done in tandem with resetting the thermostats to maintain the minimum temperature required to prevent freezing. Any site identified as not having frost protection should be immediately surveyed and priced for the installation of frost protection equipment.

#### 4.5 OPERATION OF HEATING SYSTEMS

All facilities management/janitorial/curatorial staff should be fully trained in the operation of their heating systems, including the operation of the Building Management System (BMS) front end control panel (where applicable). Services and ALEOs must ensure that sufficient training has been provided to the relevant staff and record which members of staff have completed the training satisfactorily. A BMS must have its zones set to the appropriate heating parameters set out in table 1; the BMS will then maintain the temperature within those parameters. Manual over-riding of a BMS is only permissible in the event of an unscheduled occurrence. Any such occurrence must be recorded in the buildings register.

Instruction manuals for the operation of heating systems and BMS controls are to be stored next to systems to ensure that facilities management/janitorial/curatorial staff are able to operate heating systems in sites other than their own.

Timer settings for heating systems must be set to reflect the working hours of the staff in each building. Heating should come on one hour before sedentary staff commence work unless a building assessment has identified the requirement for an extended warm-up period. Similarly the heating should switch off when core staff finish working. The residual heat in the building will be sufficient for active staff such as cleaners. It is not permissible to have the heating on until the last person leaves as this will result in the building being heated for hours after it is empty.

#### **4.6 BUILDING ENVELOPES**

Opportunities to improve the energy efficiency of the building envelope (i.e. heat loss via leaking windows) should be notified to the facility manager and the service/ALEO Carbon Management Working Group representative.

#### 4.7 BUILDINGS REGISTER

The heating set points and times that have been agreed, together with the rationale behind these settings, will be recorded in the buildings register. Any exceptions to the standard guidelines set out above should be explicitly recorded in the Register. This will ensure that an auditable record of heating times and settings exists.

## **5. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

#### Figure 1: Carbon Management Structure for Glasgow City Council Family

The roles and responsibilities of various individuals and groups are outlined below.



#### 5.1 COUNCIL LEADER

- Support the council Energy Policy and related documents
- Support the council's energy efficiency aims and objectives
- Promote the council's energy projects and actions to Glasgow citizens and to other cities

#### **5.2 CHIEF EXECUTIVE**

The Chief Executive is ultimately responsible for the implementation of the Energy Policy and other public commitments made by the council.

The Chief Executive is expected to:

- Provide visible support for the implementation of the Energy Policy
- Ensure that they receive regular updates and reports on the status of the targets referred to in the policy

#### 5.3 ELECTED MEMBERS

Elected Members are expected to support the council's Energy Policy, Carbon Management Plan and related documents.

Elected Members should also:

- Consider how their behaviour impacts on the council's carbon footprint
- Act responsibly and use energy efficiently
- Complete training programmes relating to energy on GOLD or alternative
- Support management and the CMT in their awareness work
- Encourage colleagues to be energy aware and to take action to reduce consumption
- Promote the council's energy efficiency projects

## 5.4 ENERGY AND CARBON WORKING GROUP

The Energy and Carbon Working Group is chaired by an elected member of the council and consists of a cross section of political groups. The chair of the Energy Officers Group reports on the progress of Carbon Management projects and consumption information.

The Energy and Carbon Working Group is expected to:

- Consider how their behaviour impacts on the council's carbon footprint
- Act responsibly and use energy efficiently
- Support management and the CMT in their awareness work
- Promote the council's energy efficiency projects
- Request updates on the council's Carbon Management Programme and support carbon reduction projects

#### 5.5 CORPORATE MANAGEMENT TEAM AND CARBON MANAGEMENT BOARD

The Carbon Management Board is made up of members of the Corporate Management Team and has responsibility of the service and ALEO targets set out in the Carbon Management Plan. The Board are committed to support the necessary actions required to achieve the targets. Each service/ALEO has one nominated member on the Carbon Management Board who should attend the quarterly meetings.

Within the Corporate Management Team the Executive Director of LES, who is the council's Carbon Champion, has responsibility:

- For the delivery, review and development of the Energy Policy
- To provide feedback, strategic advice and guidance to the CMT
- To request and provide regular updates on any related Energy Policy issue
- To enforce, where necessary, compliance of the roles and responsibilities set out in the Energy Policy
- Support the work of the Carbon Management Team

#### 5.6 CARBON MANAGEMENT WORKING GROUP

The Carbon Management Working Group (CMWG) is made up of representatives from all council services/ALEOs. The members of the CMWG are responsible for:

- Developing a carbon action plan for their Service
- Setting up and managing a network of Energy Champions within their service or ALEO
- Ensuring roll out of energy communications and awareness projects across their service
- Providing feedback to the Carbon Management Team (CMT) on the status of their awareness raising and GOLD training figures
- Reviewing the consumption data provided to them by the CMT and providing information on sites that are high/low consumers
- Providing CRC related information when requested by the CMT
- Representing their service at the CMWG meetings held every quarter
- Validating site lists when requested by the CMT
- Supporting and promoting external energy/ carbon events within their Services
- Holding update meetings to discuss energy saving queries, issues and opportunities, report back to CMWG (Carbon Management Working Group)

#### 5.7 CARBON MANAGEMENT TEAM

The Carbon Management Team is the key group with responsibility for the day to day delivery of the council's Energy Policy objectives through the development and implementation of the Carbon Management Plan and Energy Policy across the council family. The CMT should encompass the following functions:

- Monitor and report energy use, energy cost and related carbon emissions through the use of appropriate energy metering, monitoring and analysis
- Benchmark building performance, identify exceptions in performance and plan/ manage related projects and actions

- Ensure validation of utility bills
- Process utility bills prior to payment by Customer and Business Services (CBS)
- Carry out energy audits across the Council estate, identify energy saving opportunities
- Create audit reports and send to City Building, ACCESS and the relevant Service contact
- Project manage identified opportunities to implementation
- Maintain an up to date register of energy saving opportunities
- Keep up to date with relevant government regulation and policy
- Manage and keep track of Central Energy Efficiency Fund (CEEF) funding applications
- Promote the carbon awareness campaign to all staff
- Deliver and organise the council's staff energy awareness projects
- Develop energy training/update programmes for staff
- Communicate project updates, external events and energy saving tips for home and work to staff via Connect, Insider and the Corporate Brief
- Provide energy management services, support, training and advice to Services and ALEOs represented in the CMWG
- Liaise with services and ALEOs to request updates, implement projects and the Energy Policy
- Request site validation information from relevant service and ALEO contacts
- Provide site information and consumption data for the Scottish Procurement contracts
- Liaise with utility suppliers, Services, ALEOs and CBS to ensure consumption, billing and site queries are resolved
- Liaise with ACCESS and services/ALEOs to ensure shut down procedures are followed through and that relevant information is passed to suppliers
- Request information from Services and ALEOs as required for CRC and other statutory obligations
- Contact the relevant service in regards to Service Reform projects when appropriate
- Provide an advisory role to DRS and City Building Glasgow for new build projects

#### **5.8 CORPORATE FINANCE**

- Manage/keep track of energy spend and budgets for Services (and ALEOs)
- Report energy spend to Council Management Team
- Support CMT in their efforts to reduce the council's energy spend
- Work with the CMT to set energy budgets for each Service and ALEO

#### 5.9 CORPORATE PROCUREMENT

- Manage the Scottish Procurement utilities contract
- Escalate supplier or billing contract issues with Scottish Procurement
- Procure goods and services in line with relevant council and Government policies and guidance

#### 5.10 FACILITIES MANAGEMENT ACCESS AND CORDIA

Management/Decision Makers

- Liaise with the CMT on relevant projects, e.g. training opportunities for front line staff or energy saving measures, such as window sealant, to be implemented
- Report energy issues/opportunities to CMT
- Follow shut down procedures for closed sites and provide the relevant information to the CMT
- Where appropriate, liaise with the CMT to discuss staff role profiles

#### 5.11 FRONT LINE STAFF

- Complete energy efficiency training offered to them by their service/ALEO or by the CMT
- Be energy aware in their working
- Report issues, failures, incidents that may lead to energy waste to their manager to pass to the CMT
- Ensure that shut down procedures are carried out (e.g. lights off, windows closed, room booking monitors switched off)

#### 5.12 ICT – ACCESS

- Specify low energy rated equipment and facilities, e.g. ICT equipment should have a rating which complies with Scottish Procurement specification guidelines as a minimum
- Support CMT to ensure energy saving features of equipment are understood, enabled and used by all staff
- Support specialist IT applications as required for energy management, e.g. PC Shutdown software
- Involve the CMT in relevant projects to ensure energy issues are fully addressed

## 5.13 HR AND ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

- Support the CMT in developing online training programmes including courses on GOLD
- Support the CMT in the creation and roll out of an energy training package to non PC facing staff, e.g. LES Toolbox Talks
- Include energy performance/carbon reduction criteria in job descriptions where relevant
- Include in job specifications that it is the responsibility of all staff to reduce energy consumption and act responsibly
- Include in PDP

#### 5.14 CUSTOMER AND BUSINESS SERVICES – MANUAL INVOICES

The Manual Invoices team in CBS is expected to:

- Upload information provided by CMT into SAP
- Pay utility bills within timescales set out in Procurement Scotland contract
- Liaise with CMT to resolve any billing queries relating to the utility bills, e.g. missing cost codes, calculation errors

#### 5.15 CITY BUILDING

- Support the CMT as agreed in the CBG/CMT SLA
- Provide updates to CMT on energy efficiency works

• Engage with CMT as required during building works

#### 5.16 DEVELOPMENT AND REGENERATION SERVICES (DRS)

- Engage with CMT during design and specification stages of building works
- Liaise with CMT when investigating technological solutions to energy efficiency
- Consult CMT during policy and strategy reviews

#### 5.17 SERVICE REFORM

• Inform the CMT of proposed and planned projects with a potential carbon implication

## 5.18 ALL SERVICES (ENERGY BILLING CONTACTS)

Energy billing contacts in all services and ALEOs (where applicable) are expected to:

- Check billing files and invoices received by them from the CMT and verify costs, sites billed and cost codes – inform CMT of any errors or of sites that have not been billed
- Advise CMT of new sites that should be added to the Scottish Procurement contract
- Advise CMT of sites which are closing or being transferred to another Service or ALEO
- Advise CMT of sites which are being billed outwith the Scottish Procurement contract, e.g. invoices are sent directly to site or finance team. Contact CMT to add these sites to the contract
- Validate, when requested, the site list sent to them by the CMT for contract or CRC purposes

#### 5.19 ALL SERVICES (MANAGEMENT)

Managers in all services are expected to:

- Support Carbon Champions within their Service in their awareness work
- Set an example to staff
- Encourage staff to be energy aware and to take action to reduce consumption
- Request updates from the CMT regarding consumption data and issues to be raised

• Contact the CMT with energy saving opportunities for their workspace

#### 5.20 ALL STAFF

All council staff and contractors are expected to:

- Where appropriate, consider the carbon impact of their current projects/activities
- Consider how their behaviour impacts on the council's carbon footprint
- Act responsibly and use energy efficiently
- Complete training programmes relating to energy on GOLD or alternative
- Support the CMT in their awareness work
- Encourage colleagues to be energy aware and to take action to reduce consumption

## 6 . MONITORING AND REPORTING

Reports produced include:

- Annual update for Carbon Management Board
- Six weekly reports for Carbon Management Working Group for monitoring purposes
- Staff will also be informed through the Insider and Corporate Brief

These reports will be produced by the Carbon Management Team. Their aim is to provide a mechanism for the ongoing review of progress against the policy objectives, and to maintain engagement with the recipients of the reports.

The reports sent to the Carbon Management Working Group are for monitoring purposes and allow services to check their progress against target. The reports will highlight buildings, services and ALEOs with high energy consumption. These will be required to explain the level of consumption and undertake assessment exercises to establish potential causes, if one is not known. The council's energy management software STC allows monitoring, targeting and production of reports on energy consumption and carbon emissions. The detail of these reports can vary from an individual property level, to a group, service and corporate level. These are available to individual Services and ALEOs via a named user through the online system. Access to the online system can be requested by contacting the Carbon Management Team (CMT).

The CMT has access to the energy management system, this allows the team to report at corporate level. Reports will be produced by the CMT on a quarterly basis for the CMWG. Annual reports will be sent to the CMB and Directors.

## 7. INVESTMENT STRATEGY AND BUDGET

The council has a Central Energy Efficiency Fund (CEEF) budget of £1 million for investment in measures with less than a seven year payback or ten years for renewable projects.

Money from CEEF can only be spent on:

- Measures which reduce energy consumption and carbon emissions
- Projects on the local authority's/Scottish Water's/Health Board's property
- Projects which have a simple payback of 7 years for energy efficiency or 10 years for renewables

Up to 10% of the fund's value at the start of each year can be spent on running costs which are directly related to the running of the fund. These include:

- Training
- Promotional activities
- Wage costs of new posts created to support the Fund
- Improving energy management information

Other funding sources include:

- Salix Finance, a not for profit company that is funded by DECC and the Scottish Government - provides interest free loans for a broad range of energy efficiency projects and is another funding option available to the Council
- Capital funding including voltage optimisation funding of £1.1 million
- Gain share projects include lighting
- Energy Performance Contracting from Scottish Futures Trust, an investment of £40 million over 12 years will lead to £67 million savings
- Feed in tariffs
- CRC savings savings made in the CRC are available to use for future energy efficiency projects
- Prudential Borrowing offer low interest loans

### BUDGETS

- The budgets for CRC and utilities are held by each department.
- The budget for each Service is determined by Corporate Finance in Financial Services.

## 8. PROCUREMENT

There are two main aspects of procurement that are relevant to energy management:

- Procurement of utilities
- Procurement of energy consuming goods and services

The procurement of utilities and energy consuming goods and services falls under the remit of the Corporate Procurement Unit (CPU) within Corporate Services.

#### 8.1 UTILITIES

As a result of increased collaboration in procurement following the publication of the McClelland report, utilities procurement for the whole of the public sector in Scotland is now carried out by the national centre of procurement expertise (Scottish Procurement). The CPU manages the utilities contract in collaboration with the CMT who have the responsibility of maintaining an accurate database of all council utility supplies across the estate. The overall process is managed by the CPU who ensures an effective procurement process and subsequent contract and supplier management.

#### 8.2 GOODS AND SERVICES

In response to the Scottish Government Action Plan, the Corporate Procurement Unit, (CPU) has in consultation with council services and ALEOs, developed a Sustainable Procurement Policy and Action Plan for Glasgow, addressing the 10 key themes defined within the Scottish Government Action Plan and linked them to the Council's key objectives, its Climate Change Strategy and Action Plan and the recommendations from the McClelland review of Public Procurement in Scotland.

#### 8.3 SUSTAINABLE PROCUREMENT POLICY

The aim of the Sustainable Procurement Policy is to embed sustainability principles (social, economic and environmental) into all procurement within the council and its ALEOs; it will be updated annually and will be published on the council's website.

#### 8.4 SUSTAINABLE PROCUREMENT POLICY ACTION PLAN

The action plan defines how the Sustainable Procurement Policy will be delivered. The action plan benchmarks the council against national best practice and sets out the plan and actions for further improvements. It has a number of outcomes that will be measured, and enables the council to report on National Best Practice Indicators (BPI) and allows for the monitoring of the Procurement Capability Assessment (PCA), as reported to the Scottish Government.

# 9. TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

The behaviour of all staff and users of council buildings has an impact on energy performance. An energy and carbon training programme will be developed by the Carbon Management Team. This training should be included in the induction package to ensure that all new staff receive information covering:

- Glasgow City Council's energy and carbon targets and commitments
- The environment and climate change
- How individuals can make a difference and the actions that they can take
- Sustainable development and sustainable procurement (separate programmes)

An online training programme from the Energy Saving Trust is currently available on GOLD under Core Programmes. The Carbon Management Team will review this course and consider updating to a newer course or create one specific to the council. As well as the GOLD course there is an online energy walkthrough for staff on Glasgow Online. The walkthrough features various Tomorrow's Office areas and highlights where staff can contribute to energy savings. The CMT will look at developing this walkthrough to include a quiz, a resource area for relevant plans and documents and a pledges section. There is also scope to include waste and recycling and staff travel plan information.

The CMT will work with Organisational Development to update GOLD and include an energy section in the staff induction package.

## **10. MAINTENANCE**

When reactive maintenance is required on building fabric and services then the energy efficiency of the building should be maintained, or, preferably enhanced. For example:

- Controls if a lighting or heating controller fails then it must be replaced with an equivalent or superior controller and not simply bypassed/removed.
- Boilers regular checks should be carried out in line with legislation and manufacturers requirements.
- Ventilation systems these systems should be included in regular maintenance checks
- Heating systems if valves or pumps on heating and hot water systems are being replaced, the connecting pipe work and the valves should be insulated. Any short sections of un-insulated pipe work identified should be insulated at the same time.
- Lighting –if lighting is to be replaced, a replacement that is more energy efficient should be fitted. There should also be regular checks of lighting to ensure light fittings are clean, free of dust and not broken.
- Windows and doors windows and doors should be included in regular maintenance

checks; any gaps or broken seals should be reported to ACCESS.

- Catering equipment regular checks should be carried out to ensure the equipment is operating efficiently. Checks should include monitoring for broken seals; ensuring vents are free from dust and temperature monitoring.
- Other plant e.g. compressors: manufacturers recommended maintenance checks should be carried out.

## 11. BUILDING MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (BMS)

The council and ALEOs have Building Management Systems (BMS) installed in some but not all buildings. Remotely managed BMS are installed in all Glasgow Life sites and in all secondary schools.

The BMS allows many systems including heating, lighting, ventilation and cooling to be controlled centrally allowing them to work together. This ensures that systems are only used when they are needed allowing for improved comfort levels within a building as well as reduced energy wastage.

Some of the BMS within council properties are being refurbished or are planned to be refurbished depending on the current condition of the BMS and the lifespans of the buildings. Work has commenced in some buildings and the program is expected to continue such that we have greater remote control of these systems.

For sites that do not have BMS installed, the minimum control should be time controlled with a seven day time clock with the facility for programming holidays. There should also be a regular review of the settings, e.g. at start and end of British Summer Time, holiday periods and when there is a change of building operating hours. These systems should also be fitted with a frost protection facility. Storage heaters should be weather and time controlled.