
ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

BLINDCRAFT TRUST FUND

Charity Number SC043029

For the Year Ended 31 March 2019

BLINDCRAFT TRUST FUND

Annual Report and Accounts for the Year ended 31 March 2019

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❖ Trustees' Annual Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

The Trustees present their annual report and financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2019. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2 to the accounts and comply with the charity's trust deed, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended) and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

❖ Objectives and Activities**Charitable purposes**

- The prevention or relief of poverty;
- The advancement of education; and
- The relief of those in need by reason of age, ill-health, disability, financial hardship or other disadvantage.

All as they relate to individuals who are blind or visually impaired.

Summary of main activities in relation to these objects

The specific charity purposes as outlined in the Trust Deed are:-

- The advancement of education of individuals who are blind or visually impaired particularly children from birth to 19 years.
- The relief of poverty amongst individuals who are blind or visually impaired through the promotion and/or provision of training and skills.
- To promote, establish and/or support other projects and programmes of a charitable nature for the benefit of individuals who are blind or visually impaired.

❖ Achievements and Performance**Summary of main achievements of the charity during the financial period**

A number of grants have been made on the approval of the Trustees totalling £140,286.

Income has been generated in the form of donations and bank interest totalling £16,487.

❖ Financial Review

The Statement of Financial Activities shows total resources were expended for the year of £148,161 (2017/18: £137,113). A total of £2,325,930 was retained in accumulated funds at 31 March 2019 (2017/18: £2,474,457).

Reserves and budget policy

The fund reserves are unrestricted. The balance held as unrestricted funds at 31 March 2019 is £2,325,930 of which £2,265,386 is tied up in investments. To preserve the capital value of the fund, the Trustees agreed to limit the funds available for disbursements to £143,000 augmented by underspends and donations received. The grant expenditure budget for 2018/19 was £143,000 with expenditure amounting to £140,286. The underspend of £2,714 will be carried forward into 2019-20.

Risk management

The principal risks faced by the Trust lie in the performance of investments. The Trustees consider variability of investment returns to constitute the charity's major financial risk, which could lead to the lack of capacity to make effective grants due to the lack of funds. This is mitigated by retaining expert investment managers and having a diversified investment portfolio.

Plans for future periods

The Trustees previously agreed that the Trust should focus on supporting communities and groups rather than individuals, and this intention continues with further recipients being identified during 2019/20.

❖ Structure, Governance and Management**Type of governing document**

Blindcraft Trust Fund is an unincorporated Scottish charity governed by its trust deed, adopted on 22 March 2012.

Trustee recruitment and appointment

The Trustees shall be entitled, by virtue of a resolution passed by majority vote to appoint any individual as a Trustee. The Trustees shall have powers to remove any individual as a Trustee, by way of resolution passed by a majority of three-quarters or more of the Trustees then in office. An individual holding office as a Trustee may retire by giving notice in writing to that effect. Trustees may be appointed by virtue of their office, upon retirement or resignation, the Trustee shall automatically be deemed to have retired from the Trust. Upon appointment of a new individual to the office they shall automatically become a Trustee.

❖ Reference and Administration Details

Charity name	Blindcraft Trust Fund
Registered charity number	SC043029
Charity's principal address	Glasgow City Council Corporate Finance Exchange House 2nd Floor 231 George Street Glasgow G1 1QX

Names of the charity trustees during the year and to date of approval of Trustees' Annual Report

Trustee Name	Office (if any)	Dates acted if not for whole year
Councillor Robert Mooney	Chair	
Fiona Sandford		
Jimmy O'Rourke		
Bailie Annette Christie		
David McKerral		
Lord Provost Tracey Little of Dumfries and Galloway Council		

Auditor	Scott-Moncrieff Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 25 Bothwell Street Glasgow G2 6NL
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Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

The Trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law, regulations and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

The law applicable to charities in Scotland requires the Trustees to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the income and expenditure of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the FRS 102 Charities SORP (Update Bulletin 2);
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, Regulation 8 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended) and the provisions of the charity's constitution. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities (continued)

The Trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the charity and financial information included on the Charity's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of accounts may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Declaration

The Trustees declare that they have approved the Trustees' report above.

Approved by the Trustees and signed on their behalf by**Signature**

Full Name Councillor Robert Mooney

Position Chair

Date

Independent Auditor's Report to the Trustees for the Year Ended 31 March 2019**Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Blindcraft Trust Fund (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 March 2019 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and regulation 8 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or

Independent Auditor's Report to the Trustees for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

- the Trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the charity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The Trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended) require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the Trustees' Report; or
- proper accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Trustees for the Year Ended 31 March 2019**Responsibilities of the trustees**

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees Responsibilities set out on pages 5 and 6, the Trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Trustees for the Year Ended 31 March 2019**Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the charity's Trustees, as a body, in accordance with regulation 10 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended).

Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's Trustees, as a body, those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's Trustees, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Scott-Moncrieff

Statutory Auditor

Eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006

25 Bothwell Street

Glasgow

G2 6NL

Date

Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

BLINDCRAFT TRUST FUND		Charity No SC043029	
	Note	Unrestricted funds	
		Total 2018/19	Total 2017/18
		£	£
Income from:			
Donations	3	16,000	7,270
Investments	4	<u>487</u>	<u>45</u>
Total		<u>16,487</u>	<u>7,315</u>
Expenditure on:			
Charitable activities	5	(148,161)	(137,113)
(Losses) on investments	6	<u>(16,853)</u>	<u>(32,760)</u>
Net (expenditure)		(148,527)	(162,558)
Reconciliation of funds:			
Total funds brought forward		<u>2,474,457</u>	<u>2,637,015</u>
Total funds carried forward		<u>2,325,930</u>	<u>2,474,457</u>

The notes on pages 13 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

BLINDCRAFT TRUST FUND		Charity No SC043029	
	Note	Unrestricted funds	
		Total 2018/19	Total 2017/18
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Investments	6	<u>2,265,386</u>	<u>2,413,239</u>
Total fixed assets		<u>2,265,386</u>	<u>2,413,239</u>
Current assets			
Debtors	7	-	2,770
Cash and cash equivalents	8	<u>63,044</u>	<u>61,218</u>
Total current assets		63,044	63,988
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	<u>(2,500)</u>	<u>(2,770)</u>
Net current assets		60,544	61,218
Net assets		<u>2,325,930</u>	<u>2,474,457</u>
Funds of the Charity			
Unrestricted funds		<u>2,325,930</u>	<u>2,474,457</u>
Total funds		<u>2,325,930</u>	<u>2,474,457</u>
Approved by the Trustees and signed on their behalf by:			
Councillor Robert Mooney		Date	
Fiona Sandford		Date	

The notes on pages 13 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2019**1. General Information**

These financial statements are presented in pounds sterling (GBP) as that is the currency in which the charity's transactions are denominated. They comprise the financial statements of Blindcraft Trust Fund.

The continuing activities of Blindcraft Trust Fund are to award grants to advance education and relieve poverty of individuals who are blind or visually impaired.

Blindcraft Trust Fund is an unincorporated charity, recognised as a charity for tax purposes by HMRC and registered with the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator (OSCR) under charity number SC043029. Details of the principal address can be found on page 4 of these financial statements.

2. Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are noted below. These policies have been applied consistently to all the years presented, in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the charity's financial statements unless otherwise stated.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' ("FRS 102") (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)', the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended).

Blindcraft Trust Fund meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy.

Notes to the Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2019**2. Accounting Policies (continued)**

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires trustees to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the accounting policies. Use of available information and application of judgement are inherent in the formation of estimates. Actual outcomes in the future could differ from such estimates. The Trustees do not consider that there are any areas that require a higher degree of judgement or estimation.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The validity of the going concern basis depends on the ability of the charity to operate within available funding.

The Trustees are satisfied that the charity can meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future and on this basis consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Income

All income is included in the Statement of Financial Activities when the charity is entitled to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount can be measured reliably. The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of income:

- Donations are recognised and included in the Statement of Financial Activities when the charity has control over the donation, any conditions associated with the donation have been met, the receipt of economic benefit is probable and the economic benefit can be measured reliably; and
- Investment income is recognised when receivable and the amount can be measured reliably.

Notes to the Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2019**2. Accounting Policies (continued)****Expenditure**

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to make a payment to a third party, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified under the following headings:

- Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services including grants made. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.
- Governance costs include those costs associated with meeting the constitutional and statutory requirements of the charity including the audit fees.
- Other expenditure represents those items not falling into the above headings.

Grants

Grants awarded are recognised as liabilities in the financial statements when the Trustees approve the grant unconditionally or the conditions included in the grant fall outside the control of the charity. When grants are approved with conditions attached, but payment by the charity is considered possible but not probable, the grant is disclosed by way of a note as a commitment.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are initially measured at transaction price excluding transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred. Gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities in the year in which they arise.

Debtors

Accrued income is recognised in the financial period to which it relates to and when the charity is entitled to receive the income.

Notes to the Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

2. Accounting Policies (continued)**Cash at bank and in hand**

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Creditors

Creditors are recognised where the charity has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably.

Financial instruments

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value.

Fund accounting policy

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the Trustees in furtherance of the general objectives of the charity.

3. Donations Income

	2018/19	2017/18
	£	£
Donations	<u>16,000</u>	<u>7,270</u>

Donations in 2018/19 consisted of £16,000 donation from the David Sharp's Trust.

4. Investment Income

	2018/19	2017/18
	£	£
Dividends on specific shares	12	12
Bank interest received	<u>475</u>	<u>33</u>
	<u>487</u>	<u>45</u>

Notes to the Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

5. Analysis of Expenditure

	Number	2018/19 £	2017/18 £
Charitable Activities			
Grants	7	140,286	134,343
Accountancy support		5,375	-
External audit fees		<u>2,500</u>	<u>2,770</u>
		<u>148,161</u>	<u>137,113</u>
Analysis of grants:			
Grants to institutions	7	140,286	134,343
<u>Grants to institutions</u>			
City Building Glasgow LLP (RSBI)		25,000	12,000
Visibility		40,000	54,426
Rex Blind		4,780	-
RNIB Scotland		-	18,135
Macular Society		15,000	5,000
Glasgow Life		5,000	-
Deafblind Scotland		24,000	24,000
Playback Services for the Blind		5,000	-
The Guidedogs for the Blind Association		21,506	15,782
Saltire Strikers		<u>-</u>	<u>5,000</u>
		<u>140,286</u>	<u>134,343</u>

Grants were paid during the year in accordance with the Trust's objectives.

6. Investment Assets

	2018/19 £	2017/18 £
Fixed Asset Investments		
Carrying (market) value at beginning of period	2,413,239	2,565,999
Less: disposals at carrying value	(131,000)	(120,000)
Add/(deduct): net (loss)/gain on revaluation	<u>(16,853)</u>	<u>(32,760)</u>
Market value at end of period	<u>2,265,386</u>	<u>2,413,239</u>
Carrying value	<u>2,265,386</u>	<u>2,413,239</u>

Notes to the Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

7. Debtors

	2018/19	2017/18
	£	£
Glasgow City Council donation income	<u>-</u>	<u>2,770</u>

8. Cash and cash equivalents

	2018/19	2017/18
	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>63,044</u>	<u>61,218</u>

9. Creditors

	2018/19	2017/18
	£	£
External audit fees	<u>2,500</u>	<u>2,770</u>

10. Payments to Trustees

No Trustees were remunerated during the period (2018: nil), nor was there any requirement for any expenses to be paid (2018: nil). No Trustee or other person related to the charity had any personal interest in any contract or transaction entered into by the charity during the year (2018: nil).

11. Financial Assets and Liabilities

	2018/19	2017/18
	£	£
Fixed asset investments held at market value	2,265,386	2,413,239
Cash and cash equivalents	63,044	61,218
Financial assets held at amortised cost	-	2,770
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Financial liabilities held at amortised cost	(2,500)	(2,770)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise accrued income. Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise external audit fees.

Notes to the Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2019**12. Related Parties**

During the year there were related party transactions. There was a donation of £5,000 (2018: nil) to Playback, a donation of £25,000 (2018: £12,000) to City Building Glasgow LLP (RSBI), a donation of £40,000 (2018: £54,426) to Visibility and a donation of £5,000 (2018: nil) to Culture and Sport Glasgow Ltd (Glasgow Life). They are related due to Jimmy O'Rourke being a Committee Member of Playback and Councillor Robert Mooney being a Councillor for City Building Glasgow LLP, also Trustees of Blindcraft Trust Fund. Fiona Sandford was a Chief Executive Director of Visibility until February 2018 and Bailie Annette Christie was a Councillor for Culture and Sport Glasgow Ltd (Glasgow Life) until May 2019, also Trustees of Blindcraft Trust Fund.

13. Ultimate Controlling Party

In the opinion of the Trustees, there is no ultimate controlling party.